

## ENGINEERS FASTEN ROADS GIVEN INCREASE IN WAGES

*Board of Arbitration Determines Controversy and Strike Is Averted; Dissenting Report Filed by Union Representative*

[illegible]

the supply of money will be reduced, and the demand for money will be increased. This will lead to a decrease in the money supply, which will in turn lead to a decrease in the price level. This is the opposite of what we want.

Advocates Creation Commission

The commission has also recommended that the higher passenger rate be applied to all routes between the coast and the interior.

(Continued on Page Two)

## TO FIX WAGE SCALE FOR WOMEN WORKERS

Miss McCulloch Says Way

Following are the more important of the board's awards and their basis for the engineers:

In passenger service, a minimum wage was granted of \$4.25 per 100 miles or less, and an overtime rate of 50 per cent.

**HEALD, FOOTBALL STAR,  
BREAKS HIS SHOULDER IN  
FALL FROM HIGH CLIFF**

[illegible]

**"LOOK OUT JULIA, HERE I COME," LAST WORDS  
OF LITTLE GIRL AS SHE PLUNGED TO DEATH**

*Playmates of Mildred Sheehan Tell How She  
Slipped on Rocks at Eagle's Nest*

"Look out, Julia, here I come!"

These were the last words when little Maureen Sheehan, who was killed by a fall down the north face of Mount Cutler, Saturday afternoon, spoke before her death. She shouted them to Julia Roche, one of her companions just as she slipped and began the slide down the rocks which ended only when she lay dead hundreds of feet below.

The story of the accident as told by Julia and Verona Roche, was related last night by their mother Mrs. Charles Roche of 403 North Wahsah avenue.

The four little girls Mildred Sheehan, Mary Mattas and Julia and Verona Roche had been with the party of other children from the sixth grade of Everett academy, and their father

came sliding and plunging last her already gaining terrific headway.

"But couldn't you catch her?" asked the girls, said Mrs. Roche last night.

"No," they answered, "she was going so fast we couldn't stop her."

Mildred's three companions had looked at the time that she had been killed. They expected that she would soon stop herself and find her way to the canon. They themselves however, had difficulty in getting down safely, and it was only because of the aid of four men that they were enabled to reach the canon road without accident.

When the girls caught up with the

Superior and Sister Whatie at a picnic on Mount Cutler. When the party started down the mountain the four girls dropped behind to take a shorter route. It was a short season the first coming to the shore near a point known as Eagle's Nest, the Rehe girls went a little way from the campsite and discovered that the way was unsafe and turning to climb back, shouted to their companions above.

**Told Mildred to Go Back**

You'd better not go down, it's very dangerous.

Mildred did not turn back immediately. In a few minutes Julia Rehe, who was still farther down the trail, saw the other three.

Look! Look! Look!

What's that?

Look! Look! Look! Mildred says that it's too dangerous to go down.

Others in the canon they said had no idea that Mildred had been near a cliff and said that she had fallen and that they were afraid to go on and turn back. This gave the first impression of the tragedy and the seat for a while was a I was afraid.

When the girls came back, Julia Rehe said Mrs. Rehe that they had no idea how dangerous it really was. There was no sign there raining it and nothing to warn them in any way. None of them would have gone near it if they had known.

The body of Mildred Sheehan will be buried in Evergreen cemetery this morning. Funeral services will be held in the St. Mary's church and the widow at Loretti's home will be disappointed during the time in order that they may attend Mildred's funeral. Sheehan's mother, Mrs. J. J. O'Connell, will also be present.



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## PRESIDENT, LIKE COMET, TAKES SATELLITES ALONG WITH HIM

Cabinet Makers Are Busy Trying to Forecast Personnel of New Body to Be Selected

By RODERICK CLIFFORD.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Never yet

did king, prince or potentate rise to a position of supreme power without bringing about a slightly lesser exaltation of a number of other men, as an accompaniment to his own accession. Any man in a high place is like a comet, which rushing across the skies, drags behind it a tail of brilliance. And even in the United States, it has long been the custom and the law for the president, upon his election to elevate to the dignity of cabinet ministers, certain of his coadjutors, whom he may choose.

The time is rapidly approaching when a new executive head of the nation will assume the office to which the people of the country have elected him, and with the advent of that hour, the making of a new cabinet will be begun. Now that the suspense of waiting for the news of the election of a new president is passed, the country has progressed to the next stage of the game and practically everyone the nation over is as busy selecting a president's cabinet as a Kentucky colonel picking winners at a horse race.

Proof Sheet of Slate.

Portfolios are being passed around with astonishing alacrity by everybody, save the president-elect himself. The first proof sheets prepared by the many self-elected cabinet slate makers, show the names of the candidates for the following:

William Jennings Bryan, Senator James A. McPherson, of New York; Representative James L. Sladen, of Texas; Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, House Majority Leader Underwood, of Alabama; Representative A. S. Burleson, of Texas; Louis D. Brandeis, the trust busting lawyer; Josiah Quincy, of Massachusetts; William G. MacAdoo, the man who put the tunnels under the Hudson River, at New York; Samuel Untermyer, a corporation lawyer of New York; Representative James H. Doolittle, of Virginia; Charles R. Crane, of Chicago; Representative J. T. Lloyd, of Missouri and many others.

Each will have a sheet of recommendations and miscellaneous credentials big enough to paper the walls of the particular departmental building in which he wants to have the most comfortable office. It is predicted, however, that recommendations and credentials will all go for naught in this matter, this year, for Woodrow Wilson is reported to be unapproachable and unyielding.

Cabinet Interesting Body.

Aside from the political aspect of the times, the president's cabinet is an interesting body in itself. Although not provided for explicitly by the constitution of the United States, it is still one of the oldest institutions of the government. Every president from George Washington down has had a cabinet. The American cabinet is smaller than the privy council of Great Britain; it has the same relation to the president that that British body has to the king of England. The cabinet acts as an advisory body to the president, giving him advice when he requires it, assisting him in his executive activities and also placing a check upon his rash actions.

The cabinet has no power under the law to force the president to accept and follow its advice, but it has long been the custom for our American presidents to adhere very closely to the counsel of their cabinets, especially in cases where the ministerial admissions coincide with the original executive opinion.

On the theory that the president should be permitted to choose his own advisors, no legislative direction is given him, but on the supplementary theory that the president should not

be allowed to bring an unreliable person into the cabinet, the constitution has provided that all public officers must be appointed by and with the advice and consent of the senate, a clause which quite frequently places beyond the pale a man whom a president-elect would particularly delight to honor.

Must Be Orderly Bunch.

The matter simmers down, then, to this. The president may choose the men he wants for his cabinet, provided that the senate has no reason to believe that the men proposed will be other than docile, pleasing and orderly, and will cast no obstacles in the pathway of the political party in power. Cabinet ministers must be efficient men and ornaments to Washington officialdom, the men least likely, of all the public men of the nation, to commit unwise and imprudent actions.

Lately, the docility of cabinet ministers has become the paramount qualification of such high office holding. Washington had troubles with his cabinet, Jackson had so much of it that he found it necessary to admit some of them in through the back door; hence the name of "Kitchen Cabinet" was affixed to his ministry. Even Thomas Jefferson, who held that all men are created equal, refused to hold meetings of his cabinet, because he could not assemble them all at one time without some of them kicking over the traces.

President Tyler's persistence in appointing men with opinions of their own, resulted in an attempt by congress to take the appointive power out of his hands.

Almost without exception every president has been forced to refrain from appointing the men he really has desired for his cabinet because he has been certain that their nominations would meet with unfavorable action at the hands of the senate. The advice and consent of the senate is not one of the easiest things of attainment in American public life.

## FRISCO HAS BIG FIGHT TO GET RESERVOIR SITE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—San Francisco's fight for the use of the Hetch Hetchy valley in the Yosemite national park as a reservoir for the city's water supply will be waged before Secretary of the Interior Fisher tomorrow at a final hearing on the application for a permit.

Many of those interested in the city's attempt to acquire the valley in connection with its municipal aqueduct scheme arrived here today. The aqueduct, it is claimed, would involve the expenditure of possibly \$50,000,000 and the labor of years to carry the Sierra water 150 miles over and beyond the San Joaquin valley to the city of San Francisco.

## DRINK-CRAZED, HE ATTACKS WITH AX, AND STABS SELF

PRIOR, Colo., Nov. 24.—Angered in a trivial quarrel with his wife, Joseph Romero, aged 50, drank heavily of whiskey this afternoon, and, seizing an ax, attacked the woman, inflicting cuts about her head and body from which she may die. With the butt of the ax he broke five of her ribs and one arm.

When neighbors attempted to capture Romero, he ran into his house, seized a pair of scissors and stabbed himself several times in the breast and face. He was locked up in Agular, and is in a serious condition. The woman was taken to the home of a friend here.

## MEXICAN TROOPS DESTROY VILLAGES

Tapata Demands Financial  
Support From Ranchers  
Under Threats

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 24.—Not less than 25 villages have been destroyed in the state of Oaxaca in the last 10 days by government troops.

Five hundred Indians have surrendered, but a large part of these were without arms, affording some basis for the unofficial declaration that little of real value had been accomplished towards the subjugation of the rebels, who, it is feared, by the residents of the city of Oaxaca, will redouble their efforts with the added motive of revenge.

In spite of the fact that the federalists in all the districts infected by Zapatistas have been using the right conferred by the suspension of the guarantees to execute summarily, there is little, if any, improvement in the general situation. In no less than 40 engagements reported last week, the federalists claim victories, but these, for the most part have been insignificant, since the rebels ordinarily retire as soon as possible, doubtless to save ammunition.

Zapata Demands Support.

Two circulars have been issued, signed by Zapata. One demands that the owners of haciendas unite to contribute 3,000 pesos a week to the rebel cause in certain fixed areas; the other urges the planters to hurry the work of the peons on their plantations as much as possible, because Zapata soon will require all able bodied men. Destruction of their properties is the alternative offered.

Plans for withdrawing a large number of federalists from the north to join the campaign against rebels in the south are maturing. Many volunteers who enlisted to fight Orozco are being mustered out, having served the stipulated six months. Efforts are being made to maintain the strength of the army, however, and as a result many prisoners are being drafted and rebels taken in battle are being forced into the government ranks.

Fifty soldiers of the Twenty-fourth Infantry yesterday joined the rebellion in the state of Mexico. They killed two captains and seized 7,000 pesos which the officers were bearing to the brigade paymaster.

The government is not inclined to regard the movements in northern Mexico seriously. It insists that the situation throughout the republic is much improved.

Expect Encounter Today.

EL PASO, Nov. 24.—An encounter is expected tomorrow between the 500 rebels led by Gen. Inez Salazar who yesterday evacuated the port of Palomas, and 400 volunteers under Gen. Jose Blanco. The opposing forces are expected to meet near Guzman, on the Mexican Northwestern railway southwest of Juarez.

It is the problem of the federalists to prevent a juncture between Salazar's forces and other groups of rebels in the state of Chihuahua, but repeated appeals for aid have met with no response from General Tellez, commander of the zone at the city of Chihuahua, the state capital. General Tellez declares that only two small groups of bandits menace the state, while Gen. Abraham Gonzalez has asked President Madero for 10,000 additional troops to avert a critical condition.

## ENGINEERS

(Continued From Page One.)

higher minimum rate is established for the road's parties to the arbitration with the exception of a few.

In awarding the minimum through freight rate of 14.75 per day, the board establishes wages for the district that measurably approach the current minimum of roads now paying the better rates.

In making the rate for local freight service 25 cents higher than through freight service, a general increase of compensation is granted.

The effect of the 20-mile per hour basis of computing overtime in the passenger service, the rules regarding final terminal delay, and other changes in the rules of service, are all more favorable to the engineers than existing rules upon many of the roads.

The problem before the board of arbitration was one of such difficulty that it became necessary before an award was made for the board to consider the principles which should be reached by its conclusion; and so involved and numerous that they cannot be summarized. The investigations regarding the compensation to capital, the intercorporate relations of the railroads, their present earnings, their future possible earnings and other factors, were so complex that the board was unable to arrive at a conclusion regarding the ability of the roads to pay an increased compensation.

Agree to Fair Wage.

It was determined, however, that a reasonable wage should be paid. Disregarding, therefore, the claim of the railroads that they were unable to bear an increase, the board agreed to the principle that the engineers should be paid a fair wage.

In determining the basis of a fair wage, the board took the point of view that the existing facts regarding the relation of wages of engineers to those of other classes of employees in the train service in the eastern district and in other parts of the country should be the guiding principle. The board's decision of facts in this connection led it to the conclusion that a general increase of wages on all roads was not warranted upon the basis of the evidence presented.

It was concluded by the board, however, that on some roads and for certain classes of service, the compensation was too small; and therefore the board introduced into the award the principle of a minimum wage for the entire district in question.

The board states as its belief that the engineers should be granted a fair compensation. It further states it is probable that the great majority of

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the railroads in the district considered are able to pay a fair compensation. If they are not able to pay such compensation with existing rates, the report says, there is just cause for them to open again the question of an increase of rates with the interstate commerce commission.

Strike Hurts the Public.

The board points out that a railroad strike for the great centers of the United States can no longer be considered as a matter which primarily affects the railroad operators and employees. While it does affect them seriously, the public is far more deeply interested; indeed, the interests of the public so far exceed those of the parties to the controversy, says the report, as to render them paramount. It is therefore imperative that some other way be found to settle differences between railroads and their employees than by strike, the report says. In this connection the gains secured through the Erdman act and the Canadian industrial disputes acts are discussed, and while these acts are found to have merits, they are held by the board to be inadequate to meet the situation.

In many respects the railroads are subjects to the interstate commerce commission and various state commissions. The same is not true of the employees of the railroads, the board says. This disparity of status suggests the creation of federal and state wage commissions which shall exercise functions regarding labor engaged in work upon public utilities analogous to those exercised with regard to capital by the public service commissions already in existence.

Problem is Complex One.

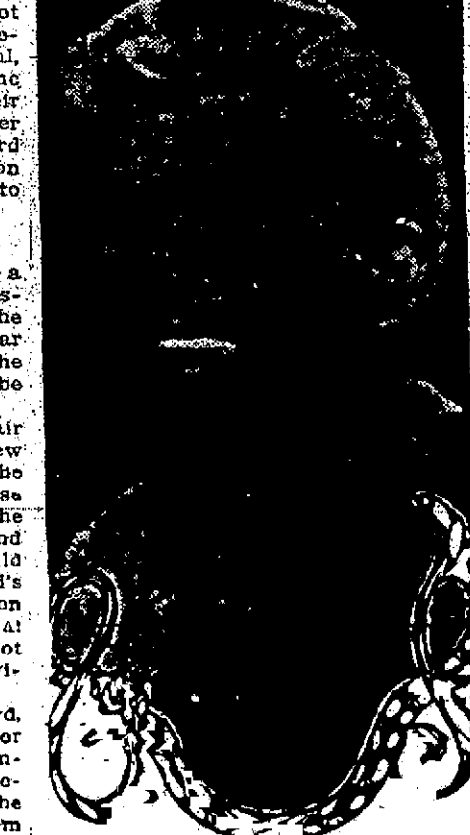
"It is well understood by the board," the report says, "that the problem for which the above plan is a suggested solution is a complex and difficult one. The suggestion, however, grows out of a profound conviction that the food and clothing of our people, the industries and the general welfare of the nation cannot be permitted to depend upon the policies and the dictates of any particular group of men, whether employers or employees, not upon the determination of a group of employers and employees combined. The public utility of the nation and of such fundamental importance to the whole people, that their operation must not be interrupted, and means must be worked out which will guarantee this result."

The report is signed without reserve by Charles R. Van Hise, Madison, Wis., chairman; Oscar S. Straus, New York; Albert Shaw, New York; Frederick N. Judson, St. Louis; and Otto M. Eldridge, New York, who were appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court of the United States, the United States commissioner of labor and the presiding judge of the United States commerce court, and by Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, representing the railroads.

Morrissey Dissents.

P. H. Morrissey, former grand master of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, representing the engineers, wrote a dissenting opinion in which he expressed the belief that the award would have the effect of retarding the progress of arbitration in the settlement of industrial disputes on the railroads.

Mr. Morrissey contends that the award does not settle the important principles raised by the engineers, and claims that it is based upon statistics that are not only unreliable for



DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW,  
President of the National American  
Woman Suffrage Association, which  
convened for its forty-fourth annual  
convention today at Philadelphia.

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the purposes for which the board used them, but that the board also erred in the application of these wage statistics.

"For this reason," says Mr. Morrissey, "while the engineers will faithfully abide by the award during the period that it is to continue, at the same time it can be only temporary, because its fundamental basis is so insecure."

Mr. Morrissey recognizes the importance to the engineers of the effects of such increases in wage rates and the establishing of such uniform rules of service as the board has awarded.

"There has been," he says, "a gain in essentials, and a step forward has been taken in the standardization of engineers' rates and of conditions for the eastern district."

Mr. Morrissey dissents from the majority of the board in their recommendation that wage commissions be established with power of compulsory arbitration, although he suggests that there are some important activities to which wage commissions might profitably give their attention.

## MAY INCREASE

(Continued From Page One.)

glycerin at Rochester, Pa., and the time McManigal said he learned it was gone, Jewell testified, Hookin took him to an old cooper shop and showed him 52 quarts of the explosive hidden under the floor.

McManigal Saw Detectives.

McManigal also said he saw detectives following him when he started with a suit case of explosives to blow up a job at Peoria, Ill., in September, 1910. Jewell testified that before the Peoria explosion Hookin called him up on the telephone and advised him of the plot.

When they went to hunt in the Wisconsin woods the month after the Los Angeles Times explosion, McManigal said he and James E. McManigal found themselves in a room with detectives, but they continued hunting without being arrested. A letter was introduced in connection with Jewell's testimony purporting to show that Hookin said the dynamiters were in the woods and that he (Hookin) wanted to know why the "agent" meaning Burns, did not arrest them.

Seventeen thousand pages of testimony have been taken from four hundred witnesses, while 160 witnesses for the government are still to be heard.

Burns After "Big Fellows."

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—"I was after the big fellows," said William J. Burns today, when questioned as to why arrests did not take place sooner in the case of the Los Angeles Times dynamite explosion.

Mr. Burns had just stepped off a train on his way from New York. He had finished perusal of an account of the latest court developments at Indianapolis.

"If inquiries to me now were made in good faith it would be easy for me to answer fully, but I intend to make my statements when I get on the witness stand at Indianapolis," he said. "Then I shall testify to far more than has been brought to light and to a great deal more than some persons would prefer."

The purpose of suggesting that I be questioned at this time is to put me in a wrong light and has been inspired

by a pinhead at Indianapolis whose excessive eagerness for newspaper notice I have hindered by refusing to endorse his claim that he is the man chiefly to be credited with the discovery and the capture of members of the dynamite gang."

Lynch Denies Story.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Referring to the mention of his name Saturday in the testimony of Lester L. Jewell, in the trial of the alleged dynamite conspirators, James M. Lynch, of this city, president of the International Typographical union, tonight made the following statement:

"The story as it comes over the wires is that a witness named Jewell testified that Hookin, one of the defendants, told Jewell that he (Hookin) overheard a conversation between J. J. McNamara and myself in the lobby of an Indianapolis hotel, in which McNamara is alleged to have asked me: 'Why don't you fellows pull something off on the coast?' That I made a reply that was inaudible to Hookin and that McNamara then said: 'Well, I can give you a man who has got the nerve if you can get the money and that McNamara and I walked away together.'"

"This story has all the elements of sensationalism, both by implication and insinuation. But the facts are, I never met McNamara in the lobby of an Indianapolis hotel or any other hotel; that I did not meet Jewell to have asked me of my recollection never met Hookin."

"Furthermore, I never discussed Los Angeles or the coast with McNamara, either in Indianapolis or elsewhere."

## 24 MINERS KILLED WHEN FIRE DAMP EXPLODES

ALAIS, France, Nov. 24.—Twenty-four men lost their lives today when fire damp exploded in a coal mine. Alais is a town of 20,000 inhabitants in the heart of a coal region in the department of Gard, about 35 miles northwest of Nimes.

The explosion occurred between shifts. Only 38 men were in the mine at the time. Of these 14 were warned by the sudden extinction of their lamps and managed to escape. A rescue party found 24 bodies. The other three apparently are in a remote part of the mine.

## KILLED BY BULLET THAT PASSES THROUGH ANOTHER

HARTMAN, Ark., Nov. 24.—The bullet that mortally wounded Milton Fix plowed through his body and struck Charles Norman, causing his instant death at Marvel, Ark., today. Fix, proprietor of a pool room where the shooting occurred, died later in the day. Robert Davidson is under arrest, accused of the murders.

LONDON PUBLISHER DEAD

LONDON, Nov. 25.—William Flavelle Monypenny, director of the Times Publishing company, died today. He was born in 1866.

Only One "BROMO QUININE" is the  
Largest Hold Out  
Cure Cold in One Day, Cough in 2 Days.

## OPERATOR CRIES "FIRE!" 50 CHILDREN ARE KILLED IN PICTURE SHOW PA

BILBAO, Spain, Nov. 24.—A terrible panic was caused here this afternoon by the cry of fire at a moving picture show. About 50 children and 60 were killed. Only one woman, up late hour tonight, had been among the dead. The number of injured is not known, as most of were taken home by friends.

The scene of the accident is a circus, which had been converted a continuous cinematograph show, building was crowded for the part with women and children.

The operator of the machine lost nerve when a film ignited, screamed "Fire!" He was able to unguish the flames himself, with difficulty, but the effect of his upon the spectators was instantaneous. Police and attendants were away by the surging mass, sought to fight a way to the Many were crushed to death in passages from the galleries and to streets.

Blended crowds meanwhile, crept outside the building, and the authorities had great trouble in eating the dead and wounded.

## SUFFRAGE CAUSE

(Continued From Page One.)

great movements toward democracy are the ones that would break the political disabilities of women the one that refuses to recognize racial differences as a sufficient basis for political disfranchisement.

"I am not here," he said, "to that the woman suffrage move specifically fight for the cause of gro suffrage, but to insist that it for all women, rich and poor, and white."

## FIREMEN HAVE NARROW ESCAPE IN OMAHA

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 24.—Ten men working on an early morning at the Cudahy Packing company's killing house, in South Omaha, a narrow escape when they caught by a falling wall. Five of received serious injuries and one is fatally hurt. The financial loss exceeds \$100,000.

After the flames presumably under control a four-story fire fall, burying the squad of fire Jacob Horn, a fire captain, sust a fractured skull and may die. men were taken to hospitals and rest were able to go to their homes. A steel beam which fell near the formed a protective arch against falling wall through which the were rescued.

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**Call Out 112 Recruits.**

OFFICIALS of the 112th Infantry, which is being organized at Fort Sill, Okla., are looking for recruits. The regiment is to be composed of men from the various states of the Union. The first company is to be recruited from Colorado. The second company is to be recruited from New Mexico. The third company is to be recruited from Arizona. The fourth company is to be recruited from Texas. The fifth company is to be recruited from Oklahoma. The sixth company is to be recruited from Kansas. The seventh company is to be recruited from Nebraska. The eighth company is to be recruited from Missouri. The ninth company is to be recruited from Iowa. The tenth company is to be recruited from Illinois. The eleventh company is to be recruited from Indiana. The twelfth company is to be recruited from Ohio. The thirteenth company is to be recruited from Pennsylvania. The fourteenth company is to be recruited from Maryland. The fifteenth company is to be recruited from Delaware. The sixteenth company is to be recruited from New Jersey. The seventeenth company is to be recruited from New York. The eighteenth company is to be recruited from Connecticut. The nineteenth company is to be recruited from Rhode Island. The twentieth company is to be recruited from Massachusetts. The twenty-first company is to be recruited from Vermont. The twenty-second company is to be recruited from New Hampshire. The twenty-third company is to be recruited from Maine. The twenty-fourth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The twenty-fifth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The twenty-sixth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The twenty-seventh company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The twenty-eighth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The twenty-ninth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirtieth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The thirty-first company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The thirty-second company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirty-third company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The thirty-fourth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The thirty-fifth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirty-sixth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The thirty-seventh company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The thirty-eighth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirty-ninth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The fortieth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The forty-first company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The forty-second company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The forty-third company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The forty-fourth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The forty-fifth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The forty-sixth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The forty-seventh company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The forty-eighth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The forty-ninth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The fiftieth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island.

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FOR WEAK WOMEN.

**Call Out 112 Recruits.**

OFFICIALS of the 112th Infantry, which is being organized at Fort Sill, Okla., are looking for recruits. The regiment is to be composed of men from the various states of the Union. The first company is to be recruited from Colorado. The second company is to be recruited from New Mexico. The third company is to be recruited from Arizona. The fourth company is to be recruited from Texas. The fifth company is to be recruited from Oklahoma. The sixth company is to be recruited from Kansas. The seventh company is to be recruited from Nebraska. The eighth company is to be recruited from Missouri. The ninth company is to be recruited from Iowa. The tenth company is to be recruited from Illinois. The eleventh company is to be recruited from Indiana. The twelfth company is to be recruited from Ohio. The thirteenth company is to be recruited from Pennsylvania. The fourteenth company is to be recruited from Maryland. The fifteenth company is to be recruited from Delaware. The sixteenth company is to be recruited from New Jersey. The seventeenth company is to be recruited from New York. The eighteenth company is to be recruited from Connecticut. The nineteenth company is to be recruited from Rhode Island. The twentieth company is to be recruited from Massachusetts. The twenty-first company is to be recruited from Vermont. The twenty-second company is to be recruited from New Hampshire. The twenty-third company is to be recruited from Maine. The twenty-fourth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The twenty-fifth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The twenty-sixth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The twenty-seventh company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The twenty-eighth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The twenty-ninth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirtieth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The thirty-first company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The thirty-second company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirty-third company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The thirty-fourth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The thirty-fifth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirty-sixth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The thirty-seventh company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The thirty-eighth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The thirty-ninth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The fortieth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The forty-first company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The forty-second company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The forty-third company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The forty-fourth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The forty-fifth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The forty-sixth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The forty-seventh company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island. The forty-eighth company is to be recruited from New Brunswick. The forty-ninth company is to be recruited from Nova Scotia. The fiftieth company is to be recruited from Prince Edward Island.

**THE SOUL OF HAPPINESS**

**THE LUCKY BLUEBIRD**

"We need the Blue bird for our happiness." Masterlinck.

See our window display

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**BOATS SEEK SHELTER AS GALE SWEEPS EAST COAST**

BOSTON, Nov. 24—An east coast gale swept the New England coast tonight. At midnight the wind was blowing from the north at 40 miles an hour and the sea was very rough.

**ONE DEAD, MANY INJURED IN INSANE ASYLUM FIRE**

NEW YORK, Nov. 24—A fire of unusual violence broke out in the insane asylum at Amityville, Long Island, early this morning. The fire was caused by a defective electric light in the main building. It spread rapidly and in a few minutes the entire building was in flames. The firemen arrived in time to save the main building, but the outbuildings were completely destroyed. One man was killed and many others were injured.

**Midwest Oil Co. May Operate Gas Plant**

The Midwest Oil company which is now operating a gas plant at Vernal, N. D., is planning to build a similar plant at Casper, Wyo. The plant at Vernal is one of the largest in the world and produces 100,000 cubic feet of gas per day. The plant at Casper would produce 200,000 cubic feet of gas per day.

**MRS. LESH TO PLEAD NOT GUILTY TODAY**

SIDNEY, Mo., Nov. 24—When Mrs. Lesh is charged with passing counterfeit money, she will plead not guilty today. She was arrested last week on charges of passing counterfeit money. She is now in jail awaiting trial.

**COLDER WEATHER COMING, SAYS THE WEATHER MAN**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24—Generally fair weather with temperature below the seasonal average, except for the snows Monday in the great lakes region and northern New England, will prevail throughout the country during the next several days, according to the weather bureau.

**Prisoner Gives His Gun to Captor After Riding Over 600 Miles With Him**

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 24—Dick Riley, an escaped life-term convict from the Michigan state penitentiary at Jackson, who was captured a few days ago at Bakerfield, Cal., has given his gun to his captor. Riley was riding with his captor for over 600 miles before he was captured.

**Children Cry for Fletcher's**

**Children Cry for Fletcher's**

**Children Cry for Fletcher's**

**Children Cry for Fletcher's**

**COKE DALE MINER DIES FROM KICK BY MULE**

TRINIDAD, N. M., Nov. 24—A miner named Coke Dale died from a kick by a mule. The mule was startled and kicked Dale in the chest. Dale was taken to the hospital but died before he could be operated on.

**SENATOR RAYNER STILL IN CRITICAL CONDITION**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24—Senator Rayner is still in critical condition. He was injured in an accident last week and has not yet recovered. He is now in the hospital.

**Have You A Telephone?**

There will be many days during the next few months when members of your family may be obliged to leave the house in bad weather on errands. Telephone service takes care of such emergencies. Let us complete the comforts of your home.

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**PLAN EVOLVED TO AID FARMERS IN INCREASING CROP YIELDS**

President of National Soil Fertility League Shows How Country Will Be Benefited

**MINING CONGRESS FACES LIVELY FIGHT AT SPOKANE**

SPOKANE, Wash., Nov. 24—With the prospects of a lively fight being waged on what its opponents call the political heresy of the new mining law, as practiced by the last two administrations at Washington in regard to the administration of the laws governing the development of the public domain, the fifteenth annual session of the American Mining Congress will open its sessions here tomorrow afternoon with an expected attendance of more than 1,000 delegates from all over the world.

**U. S. CRUISERS PROCEED ON JOURNEY TO TURKISH WATERS**

HERALD, Nov. 24—The United States cruisers Tennessee and Montana, which arrived here Thursday under command of Rear Admiral A. T. Mahan, are to proceed to Turkish waters today for the protection of American citizens. The Tennessee sailed for Smyrna and the Montana for Beirut.

**MAY DISCHARGE HEAD OF THE CUBAN ARMY**

HAVANNA, Nov. 24—The deliberations of the national assembly of the United States, which are now in session for the purpose of reviewing the local laws of the recent revolution, took on more importance today when it was reported that the head of the Cuban army would be discharged.

**SEATTLE FEELS SLIGHT EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS**

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 24—Two slight earthquake shocks were felt here tonight. The first shock was at 7:20 and the second at 8:30. No damage was done.

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## PRESIDENT, LIKE COMET, TAKES SATELLITES ALONG WITH HIM

Cabinet Makers Are Busy Trying to Forecast Personnel of New Body to Be Selected

By RODERICK CLIFFORD.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Never yet did king, prince or potentate rise to a position of supreme power without bringing about a slightly lesser exaltation of a number of other men, as an accompaniment to his own accession. Any man in a high place is like a comet, which rushing across the skies, drags behind it a tail of brilliance. And even in the United States, it has long been the custom and the law for the president, upon his election to elevate to the dignity of cabinet ministers, certain of his confidants, whom he may choose.

The time is rapidly approaching when a new executive head of the nation will assume the office to which the people of the country have elected him, and with the advent of that hour, the making of a new cabinet will be begun. Now that the suspense of waiting for the news of the election of a new president is passed, the country has progressed to the next stage of the game and practically everyone, the nation over, is as busy selecting a president's cabinet as a Kentucky colonel picking winners at a horse race.

Proof Sheet of State.

Portfolios are being passed around with astonishing alacrity by everybody save the president-elect himself. The first proof sheets prepared by the many self-elected cabinet makers, show the race card for the day to be about as follows:

William Jennings Bryan; Senator James A. O'Gorman of New York; Representative James L. Slayden of Texas; Dr. Harvey W. Wiley; House Majority Leader Underwood of Alabama; Representative A. S. Eads of Texas; Louis D. Brandeis, the trust busting lawyer; Josiah Quincy of Massachusetts; William C. MacAdoo, the man who put the tunnels under the Hudson River, at New York; Samuel Untermyer, a corporation lawyer of New York; Representative James Hay of Virginia; Charles R. Crane of Chicago; Representative J. T. Lloyd of Missouri and many others.

Each will have a sheet of recommendations and recommendations of friends big enough to paper the walls of the particular departmental building in which he wants to have the most comfortable office. It is predicted, however, that recommendations and credentials will all go for naught in this matter, this year, for Woodrow Wilson is reported to be unapproachable and unbending.

Cabinet Interesting Body.

Aside from the political aspect of the times, the president's cabinet is an interesting body in itself. Although not provided for explicitly by the constitution of the United States, it is still one of the oldest institutions of the government. Every president since George Washington down has had a cabinet. The American cabinet is similar to the privy council of Great Britain. It has the same relation to the president that that British body has to the king of England. The cabinet acts as an advisory body to the president, giving him advice when he requires it, assisting him in his executive activities and also placing a check upon his rash actions.

The cabinet has no power under the law to force the president to accept and follow its advice, but it has long been the custom for our American presidents to adhere very closely to the counsel of their cabinets, especially in cases where the ministerial admonitions coincide with the original executive opinion.

On the theory that the president should be permitted to choose his own advisors, the legislative branch is given him, but on the supplementary theory that the president should not

be allowed to bring an unreliable person into the cabinet, the constitution has provided that all public officers must be appointed by and with the advice and consent of the senate, a clause which quite frequently places beyond the pale a man whom a president-elect would particularly delight to honor.

Must Be Orderly Bunch.

The matter simmers down, then, to this. The president may choose the men he wants for his cabinet, provided that the senate has no reason to believe that the men proposed will be other than docile, pleasing and orderly, and will cast no obstacles in the way of the political party in power. Cabinet ministers must be efficient men and ornaments to Washington officialdom, the men least likely, of all the public men of the nation, to commit unwise and imprudent actions.

Let us, the docility of cabinet ministers has become the paramount qualification of such high office holding. Washington had troubles with his cabinet. Jackson had so much of it that he found it necessary to admit some of them in through the back door; hence the name of "Kitchen-Cabinet" was affixed to his ministry. Even Thomas Jefferson, who held that all men are created equal, refused to hold meetings of his cabinet because he could not assemble them all at one time without some of them kicking over the traces.

President Tyler's persistence in appointing men with opinions of their own, resulted in an attempt by congress to take the appointive power out of his hands.

Almost without exception every president has been forced to refrain from appointing the men he really has desired for his cabinet because he has been certain that their nominations would meet with unfavorable action at the hands of the senate. The advice and consent of the senate is not one of the easiest things of attainment in American public life.

FRISCO HAS BIG FIGHT

TO GET RESERVOIR SITE

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—San Francisco's fight for the use of the National Reclamation valley in the Yosemite national park as a reservoir for the city's water supply will be waged before Secretary of the Interior Fisher tomorrow at a final hearing on the application for a permit.

Many of those interested in the city's attempt to acquire the valley in connection with its municipal aqueduct scheme arrived here today. The aqueduct, it is claimed, would involve the expenditure of possibly \$50,000,000 and the labor of years to carry the Sierra water 150 miles over and beyond the San Joaquin valley to the city of San Francisco.

DRINK-CRAZED, HE A JACKS

WITH AX, AND STABS SELF

FRYOR, Colo., Nov. 24.—Angered in a trivial quarrel with his wife, Joseph Romero, aged 50, drank heavily of whiskey this afternoon, and, seizing an ax, attacked the woman, inflicting cuts about her head and body from which she may die. With the butt of the ax he broke five of her ribs and one arm.

When neighbors attempted to capture Romero, he ran into his house, seized a pair of scissors and stabbed himself several times in the breast and face. He was locked up in a jail and is in a serious condition. The woman was taken to the home of a friend here.

## MEXICAN TROOPS DESTROY VILLAGES

Tapata Demands Financial  
Support From Ranchers  
Under Threats

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 24.—Not less than 25 villages have been destroyed in the state of Oaxaca in the last 10 days by government troops. Five hundred Indians have surrendered, but a large part of these were without arms, affording some basis for the unofficial declarations that little of real value had been accomplished towards the subjugation of the rebels, who, it is feared by the residents of the city of Oaxaca, will redouble their efforts with the added motive of revenge.

In spite of the fact that the federalists in all the districts infested by Zapata have been using the right conferred by the suspension of the guarantees to execute summarily, there is little, if any, improvement in the general situation. In no less than 40 engagements reported last week, the federalists claim victories, but these for the most part have been insignificant, since the rebels ordinarily retire as soon as possible, doubtless to save ammunition.

Zapata Demands Support.

Two circulars have been issued, signed by Zapata. One demands that the owners of haciendas unite to contribute 3,000 pesos a week to the rebel cause in certain fixed areas; the other urges the planters to hurry the work of the peons on their plantations as much as possible, because Zapata soon will require all able bodied men. Destruction of their properties is the alternative offered.

Plans for withdrawing a large number of federalists from the north to join the campaign against rebels in the south are maturing. Many volunteers who enlisted to fight Orozco are being mustered out, having served the stipulated six months. Efforts are being made to maintain the strength of the army, however, and as a result many prisoners are being drafted and rebels taken in battle are being forced into the government ranks.

Fifty soldiers of the Twenty-fourth infantry yesterday joined the rebellion in the state of Mexico. They killed two captains and seized 7,000 pesos which the officers were bearing to the brigade paymaster.

The government is not inclined to regard the movements in northern Mexico seriously. It insists that the situation throughout the republic is much improved.

Expect Encounter Today.

EL PASO, Nov. 24.—An encounter is expected tomorrow between the 500 rebels led by Gen. Inez Salazar who yesterday evacuated the port of Polomas, and 400 volunteers under Gen. Jose Blanco. The opposing forces are expected to meet near Guzman, on the Mexico-Northwestern railway south-west of Juarez.

It is the problem of the federalists to prevent a junction between Salazar's forces and other groups of rebels in the state of Chihuahua, but repeated appeals for aid have met with no response from General Teller, commander of the zone at the city of Chihuahua, the state capital. General Teller declares that only two small groups of bandits menace the state, while Gov. Abraham Gonzalez has asked President Madero for 10,000 additional troops to avert a critical condition.

ENGINEERS

(Continued From Page One.)

higher minimum rate is established for the road's parties to the arbitration with the exception of a few.

In awarding the minimum through freight rate of \$4.75 per day, the board establishes wages for the district that measurably approach the current minimum of roads now paying the better rates.

In making the rate for local freight service 25 cents higher than through freight service, a general increase of compensation is granted to the employees. The effect of the 20-mile per hour basis of computing overtime in the passenger service, the rules regarding final terminal delay, and other changes in the rules of service, are all more favorable to the engineers than existing rules upon many of the roads.

The problem before the board of arbitration was one of such difficulty that it became necessary before an award was made for the board to consider the principles which should obtain. The facts upon which the board reached its conclusions were so involved and numerous that they cannot be summarized. The investigations regarding the compensation to capital, the intercorporate relations of the railroads, their present earnings, their future possible earnings, and other factors, were so complex that the board was unable to arrive at a conclusion regarding the ability of the roads to pay an increased compensation.

Agree to Fair Wage.

It was determined, however, that a reasonable wage should be paid. Disregarding, therefore, the claim of the railroads that they were unable to bear an increase, the board agreed to the principle that the engineers should be paid a fair wage.

In determining the basis of a fair wage, the board took the point of view that the existing facts regarding the relation of wages of engineers to those of other classes of employees in the train service in the eastern district and in other parts of the country should be the guiding principle. The board's discussion of facts in this connection led it to the conclusion that a general increase of wages on all roads was not warranted upon the basis of the evidence presented.

It was concluded by the board, however, that on some roads and for certain classes of service, the compensation was too small; and therefore the board introduced into the award the principle of a minimum wage for the entire district in question. The board states as its belief that the engineers should be granted a fair compensation. It further states it to be probable that the great majority of

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the railroads in the district considered are able to pay a fair compensation. If they are not able to pay such compensation with existing rates, the report says, there is just cause for them to open again the question of an increase of rates with the interstate commerce commission.

Strike Hurts the Public.

The board points out that a railroad strike for the great centers of the United States can no longer be considered as a matter which primarily affects the railroad operators and employees. While it does affect them seriously, the public is far more deeply interested; indeed, the interests of the public so far exceed those of the parties to the controversy, says the report, as to render them paramount. It is therefore imperative that some other way be found to settle differences between railroads and their employees than by strike, the report says. In this connection the gains secured through the Erdman act and the Canadian industrial disputes act are discussed, and while these acts are found to have merits, they are held by the board to be inadequate to meet the situation.

In many respects the railroads are subjects to the interstate commerce commission and various state commissions. The same is not true of the employees of the railroads, the board says. This disparity of status suggests the creation of federal and state wage commissions which shall exercise functions regarding labor engaged in work upon public utilities analogous to those exercised with regard to capital by the public service commissions already in existence.

Problem Is Complex One.

"It is well understood by the board," the report says, "that the problem for which the above plan is a suggested solution is a complex and difficult one. The suggestion, however, grows out of a profound conviction that the food and clothing of our people, the industries and the general welfare of the nation cannot be permitted to depend upon the policies and the dictates of any particular group of men, whether employers or employees, nor upon the determination of a group of employers and employees combined. The public utilities of the nation are of such fundamental importance to the whole people that their operation must not be interrupted, and means must be worked out which will guarantee this result."

The report is signed without reserve by Charles R. Van Hise, Madison, Wis., chairman; Oscar S. Straus, New York; Albert Shaw, New York; Frederick A. Johnson, St. Louis, and Otto M. Pilditz, New York, who were appointed by the chief justice of the supreme court of the United States; the United States commissioner of labor and the presiding judge of the United States commerce court, and by Daniel Willard, president of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, representing the railroads.

Morrissey Dissents.

F. H. Morrissey, former grand master of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen, representing the engineers, wrote a dissenting opinion in which he expressed the belief that the award would have the effect of retarding the progress of arbitration in the settlement of industrial disputes on the railroads.

Mr. Morrissey contends that the award does not settle the important principles raised by the engineers, and claims that it is based upon statistics that are not only unreliable for

the purposes for which the board used them, but that the board also erred in the application of these wage statistics.

"For this reason," says Mr. Morrissey, "while the engineers will fully abide by the award during the period that it is to continue, at the same time it can be only temporary, because its fundamental basis is so insecure."

Mr. Morrissey recognizes the importance to the engineers of the effects of such increases in wage rates and the establishing of such uniform rules of service as the board has awarded.

"There has been," he says, "a gain in essentials, and a step forward has been taken in the standardization of engineers' rates and of conditions for the eastern district."

Mr. Morrissey dissents from the majority of the board in their recommendation that wage commissions be established with power of compulsory arbitration, although he suggests that there are some important activities to which wage commissions might profitably give their attention.

MAY INCREASE

(Continued From Page One.)

glycerin at Rochester, Pa., and the time McManigal said he learned it was gone, Jewell testified Hookkin took him to an old cooper shop and showed him 53 quarts of the explosive hidden under the floor.

McManigal Saw Detectives.

McManigal also said he saw detectives following him when he started with a suit case of explosives to blow up a job at Peoria, Ill., in September, 1910. Jewell testified that before the Peoria explosion Hookkin called him up on the telephone and advised him of the plot.

When they went to hunt in the Wisconsin woods the month after the Los Angeles Times explosion, McManigal said he and James B. McNamara found themselves in a room with detectives, but they continued hunting without being arrested. A letter was introduced in connection with Jewell's testimony purporting to show that Hookkin said the dynamiters were in the woods and that he (Hookkin) wanted to know why this "agent," meaning Burns, did not arrest them.

Seventeen thousand pages of testimony have been taken from four hundred witnesses, while 160 witnesses for the government are still to be heard.

Burns After "Big Fellows."

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—"It was after the big fellows," said William J. Burns today, when questioned as to why arrests did not take place sooner in the case of the Los Angeles Times dynamite explosion.

Mr. Burns had just stepped off a train on arrival here from New York. He had finished perusal of an account of the latest court developments at Indianapolis.

"Inquiries to me now were made in good faith it would be easy for me to answer fully, but I intend to make my statements when I get on the witness stand at Indianapolis," he said. "Then I shall testify to far more than has been brought to light and to a great deal more than some persons would prefer."

The purpose of suggesting that I be questioned at this time is to put me in a wrong light and have been inspired

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by a pinhead at Indianapolis whose excessive eagerness for newspaper notice I have hindered by refusing to endorse his claim that he is the man chiefly to be credited with the discovery and the capture of members of the dynamite gang."

Lynch Denies Story.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Referring to the mention of his name Saturday in the testimony of Linsey I. Jewell, in the trial of the alleged dynamite conspirators, James M. Lynch, of this city, president of the International Typographical union, tonight made the following statement:

"The story as it comes over the wires is that a witness named Jewell testified that Hookkin, one of the defendants, told Jewell that he (Hookkin) overheard a conversation between J. J. McNamara and myself in the lobby of an Indianapolis hotel, in which McNamara is alleged to have asked me: 'Why don't you fellows pull something off on the coast?' That I made a reply that was fraudulent to Hookkin and that McNamara then said: 'Well, I can give you a man who has got the nerve if you can get the money' and that McNamara and I walked away together."

"This story has all the elements of sensationalism, both by implication and insinuation. But the facts are, I never met McNamara in the lobby of an Indianapolis hotel or any other hotel; that I did not meet Jewell to the best of my recollection, never met Hookkin. Furthermore, I never discussed Los Angeles or the coast with McNamara, either in Indianapolis or elsewhere."

24 MINERS KILLED WHEN

FIRE DAMP EXPLODES

ATATS, France, Nov. 24.—Twenty-four men lost their lives today when fire damp exploded in a coal mine. Alais is a town of 20,000 inhabitants in the heart of a coal region in the department of Gard, about 25 miles northwest of Nimes.

The explosion occurred between shifts. Only 38 men were in the mine at the time. Of these 15 were warned by the sudden extinction of their lamps and managed to escape. A rescue party found 21 bodies. The other three apparently are in a remote part of the mine.

KILLED BY BULLET THAT

PASSES THROUGH ANOTHER

HEYENA, Ark., Nov. 24.—The bullet that mortally wounded Milton Fix plowed through his body and struck Charles Norman, causing his instant death at Marvel, Ark., today. Fix, proprietor of a pool room where the shooting occurred, died later in the day. Robert Davidson is under arrest, accused of the murders.

LONDON PUBLISHER DEAD

LONDON, Nov. 25.—William Flavelle Monypenny, director of the Times Publishing company, died today. He was born in 1864.

FIREMEN HAVE NARROW

ESCAPE IN OMAHA

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 24.—Ten men working on an early morning fire at the Cudahy Packing co. when a killing house, in South Omaha, a narrow escape when they caught by a falling wall. Five of received serious injuries and one is fatally hurt. The financial loss exceeds \$100,000.

After the flames presumably under control a four-story fire fell, burying the squad of fire Jacob Horn, a fire captain, sust a fractured skull and may die.

men were taken to hospitals and rest were able to go to their homes. A steel beam which fell near the formed a protective arch against falling wall through which the were rescued.

DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW,

President of the National American Woman Suffrage association, which convened for its forty-fourth annual convention today at Philadelphia.

"The purpose of suggesting that I be questioned at this time is to put me in a wrong light and have been inspired

OPERATOR CRIES "FIRE!"

50 CHILDREN ARE KILLED

IN PICTURE SHOW PALACE

BILBAO, Spain, Nov. 24.—A terrible panic was caused here this afternoon by the cry of fire at a moving picture show. About 50 children and others were killed. Only one woman, up late hour tonight, had been among the dead. The number of injured is not known, as most of were taken home by friends.

The scene of the accident is a circus, which had been converted a continuous cinematograph show, building was crowded for the part with women and children. The operator of the machine, lost nerve when a film, lighted, screamed "Fire!" He was able to distinguish the flames himself, with difficulty, but the effect of his upon the spectators was instantaneous. Police and attendants were away by the surging mass, sought to fight a way to the. Many were crushed to death in passages from the galleries and to the street.

Wounded crowds meanwhile gathered outside the building, and the authorities had great trouble in eating the dead and wounded.

SUFFRAGE CAUSE

(Continued From Page One.)

great movements toward democracy are the ones that would break the political disabilities of women, the one that refuses to recognize racial differences as a sufficient reason for political disfranchisement. "I am not here," he said, "to that the woman suffrage movement is a fight for the cause of all suffrage, but to insist that it for all women, rich and poor, and white."

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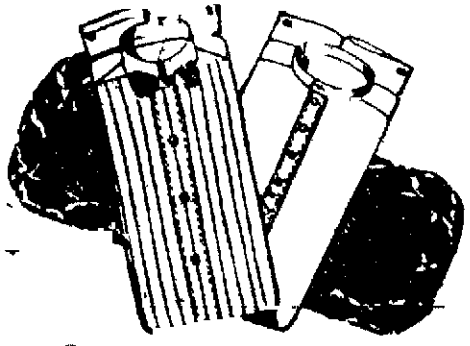
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**BLANKET SPECIAL**  
59c PAIR  
THIS WEEK ONLY  
OUT WEST TENT AND AWNING CO.  
113 1/2 N. TEJON

## STAGE SET

(Continued From Page One.)  
The Serbian army is sending Greek troops for that purpose. Detailed reports have been received that the battle which preceded the capture of Monastir which is described in the bloodiest of the whole war. They say that Zekki Pasha escaped in the direction of Florina. David Pasha, who was in the direction of the battle, was killed and his army routed.

The Serbian troops managed to cross a Cherna river with the greatest difficulty and at heavy cost, as the Turks are strongly entrenched on the banks. The Serbians had to take position after position at the point of the bayonet in separate hand to hand fighting.

**Roumania is Excited.**  
LONDON, Nov. 25.—As the war approaches a conclusion, public opinion in Roumania, according to the correspondent of the Standard, is getting more excited with reference to safeguarding Roumanian interests.

Masses were held Sunday to protest against the reported Greek persecution of the Kutzovians in Macedonia. The leaders of this race strongly object to the division of Macedonia between Greece, Bulgaria and Serbia, as they fear their own nationality would be squeezed out. Roumania intends to secure guarantees against this.

Another question relates to readjustment of the Roumanian-Bulgarian frontier. It is now said Roumania is claiming Rusechuk and Varna, as well as a large Bulgarian position to Roumania, but only Silistria and the frontier running thence to the Black sea at a point considered by north of Varna.

Dr. Danef, president of the Bulgarian chamber of deputies, is expected to Bucharest to negotiate these claims. The peace delegate Osman Nizami, Turkish ambassador to Genoa, arrived at Bucharest Sunday. His visit to Constantinople. He will see an armistice with King Charles.

It is expected that the armistice will be signed in the near future. The general impression is that the war will be soon over.

**Call Out 112 Recruits.**  
SOFIA, Nov. 25.—After 21 days of military operations, the Bulgarian army has called out 112 recruits.

ed today by 500 delegates representing all nations.  
Thirty thousand persons joined in a parade through the gaily decorated streets to the cathedral, where addresses were delivered in various tongues. Four platforms were erected outside, and speakers harangued great crowds, which were unable to find room within.

**Warns Allies of Intrigue.**  
SOFIA, Nov. 24.—The semi-official Mir warns the allies to beware of the intrigues of the powers aiming to break up the Balkan alliance.

The first question to be solved, says the Mir, is how to exact a satisfactory peace from Turkey. The second duty of the allies is the settlement of various international questions with Europe. For this purpose it is most important that the allies show a united front. Only when these tasks are achieved will the Balkan states have an opportunity of settling their own internal affairs among themselves.

**Bulgarians Leave Saloniki.**  
ATHENS, Nov. 24.—A Saloniki dispatch says the seventh division of the Bulgarian troops is leaving that city. Twenty-nine Greek vessels have been engaged as transports.

**Consensus to Appose Public.**  
VIENNA, Nov. 24.—The official explanation of the consensus recently established here is that the Austrian government does not wish unnecessarily to alarm the people by the spread of false or exaggerated reports. The real reason seems to be that decisive action has been planned should Serbia refuse to yield and that war preparations have been made for this purpose and also as a counter move to the Russian mobilization.

While the mobilization of the Austrian forces is denied officially, it is admitted that precautionary measures have been taken to bring certain units up to a peace strength.

**Austrian Cruiser Leaves.**  
CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 24.—The ambassador today dismissed the question of the Austrian cruiser. The matter was left in abeyance for a subsequent meeting. In the meantime the international force has been reduced by the departure of the Austrian cruiser. Admiral Shum, which left this morning without explanation, steamers in the direction of the Dardanelles.

**Kaiser as Mediator.**  
LONDON, Nov. 24.—The telephone from Vienna the correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says Archduke Franz Ferdinand heard him agree to the Austro-Serbian truce. The truce was reached Sunday from Berlin, where he had been on a visit to Emperor William and proceeded to St. Petersburg. He remained for one hour with Emperor Francis Joseph.

It is reported in political circles that the conversation between Emperor William and Archduke Ferdinand will result in a sort of mediation between Austria and Russia which will be conducted by Emperor William. It is hoped in this way to avert the crisis that is evidenced by the military preparations throughout Europe.

**No Change in Relations.**  
LONDON, Nov. 25.—The political situation between Serbia and Austria has undergone no material change but on the whole a rather better feeling prevails here, says the correspondent of the Daily Telegraph at Belgrade.

"The general opinion," continues the correspondent, "is that the questions at issue can be settled without fighting. The Serbians naturally are anxious to secure an outlet to the sea through their territories, and if Austria meets their wishes in a reasonable spirit the risk of war easily will be avoided."

**Correspondents Fare Badly.**  
LONDON, Nov. 25.—The Times correspondent at the front sends an uncensored dispatch describing the recent fighting and giving additional particulars. He says:  
"The Bulgarian infantry advanced on Sunday last were never pressed vigorously, but made excellent targets for the Turkish field guns. I am still at a loss to understand the Bulgarian intentions."

"As a reconnaissance it was needlessly cumbersome. They only made what appeared to be a very tame and inadequate demonstration. The Turks only fired off this tame demonstration. That they were this time to do so has given the army great heart."

"I doubt if the casualties were very severe on either side. Although I criticize the Bulgarian methods it must not be inferred that their fire was desultory. Throughout Sunday they burned cartridges as if the material was of no cost."

Describing the hostility of the Turks to war correspondents, he says:  
"I have lived the life of a hunted hare during the last 10 days. I was even driven into the cholera camp as the only safe hiding place."

against the Balkan League to limit against Serbia.

**Fire on Frontiers.**  
LONDON, Nov. 25.—Ashmond Bartlett, correspondent of the Daily Telegraph, in a dispatch from Constantinople sent by way of Constantia, says that while returning from the front he was fired on by Turkish troops whose comrades explained to him that it was not through accident but due to orders they had received to shoot any foreigner found within the lines.

By hitting the pickets Mr. Bartlett says he was taken before the command. The officer who provided another officer to escort him to Constantinople. He declares that if any correspondent disappears there orders will account for his fate and it will be easy for the Turks to explain that the victim was shot in action.

The life of the correspondents at the front is made intolerable.

Carrying all the necessary permits makes no difference.

The correspondent says the Turkish government has given Nazim Pasha the power to meet the Bulgarian delegates at any time he sees fit to discuss the terms of peace but he seems to be marking time pending the receipt of fresh proposals less unreasonable than the first.

The Turkish cruiser Hamidieh which was torpedoed recently by the Bulgarians he asserts, sank while entering the dry dock.

**PARIS, Nov. 25.** The Belgrade correspondent of the Matin says:  
"Turkey now requests that she be admitted to the Balkan confederation, retaining, of course all the territory she had before the war."

"This extraordinary proposal as yet has been only semi-officially made and it causes no surprise in Serbian official circles, which know that Turkey never accepts accomplished facts except with the knife at her throat."

The correspondent says there is unbounded confidence in Serbia with regard to Austria due to the belief that some high Russian personages have given a formal and binding engagement to support Serbia against Austria.

This promise of support is said to have been made over the heads of the Russian ministers by persons more influential than the ministers.

The correspondent adds:  
"Whether this agreement exists or not, the Serbian belief in it is a dangerous factor in the critical situation and the truth should be known in the interest of all Europe."

**LONDON, Nov. 25.** Special dispatches from Constantinople say a meeting of Turkish and Bulgarian peace plenipotentiaries was held Sunday near the village of Tihathia.

The correspondent of the Daily Express alleges that an armistice for a week was actually concluded.

**Midwest Oil Co. May Operate Gas Plant**  
The Midwest Oil company, which this city organized two years ago and in which Colorado Springs capitalists have much stock, is considering plans for saving the gas in oil fields in Wyoming field of a gas and pipeline for commercial and domestic use in Casper, Wyo. A great amount of valuable gas is escaping from the wells of the company and plans for saving it are under consideration.

W. R. Gilbert, an expert of the United States bureau of mines is now investigating a method of condensing the gas into gasoline. The vapor is heavily charged with gasoline properties and is given off in such large quantities that it could be obtained with ease.

**COLDER WEATHER COMING, SAYS THE WEATHER MAN**  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Generally fair weather with temperature below the seasonal average, except for local snows Monday in the north, and snows Monday and northern New England, will prevail throughout the country during the next several days, according to the weather bureau.

"The next disturbance to cross the country," says the bureau's weekly bulletin, "will appear in the far west Wednesday or Thursday, prevailing over the middle west Friday or Saturday and the eastern states near the coast of the Atlantic."

This disturbance will be preceded by a general rise in temperature, attended by rains in southern and rains and snows in northern districts, and followed by decidedly colder weather, which will make its appearance in the northwest Thursday or Friday.

## THE SOUL OF THE LUCKY BLUEBIRD

"We need the Blue bird for our happiness."—Maeterlinck.

See our window display

**The Johnson Jewelry Co.**

## BOATS SEEK SHELTER AS GALE SWEEPS EAST COAST

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—At midnight the New England coast tonight at midnight the wind was blowing from the east at 10 miles an hour accompanied by rain.

**POINT JUDITH LIFE SAVERS.**  
Point Judith life savers were called upon late tonight to help a small boat driven ashore behind Point Judith breakwater. The hapless boat was of the tug Salutation, which came from Newport tonight. It sought shelter behind the breakwater from the northeast gale which suddenly veered into the south. During the barges into the breakwater, it was decided to wait until morning before taking off the crews.

Off Point Point tonight a fishing schooner Red Fox was driven on by the gale. The crew of 10 men reached shore in their own boats.

## ONE DEAD, MANY INJURED IN INSANE ASYLUM FIRE

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—A fire broke out in the fourth mental hospital in the city in a group of buildings at Amherstville, Long Island, and within 10 minutes the great excitement was in full swing. One man died and many were injured. Several hundred inmates were crowded out into the streets.

Fire believed to have started in a kitchen in the third building in the group. The fire spread rapidly and threatened to burn the other buildings. The inmates were ordered to leave the buildings and many were injured. The fire was extinguished after several hours of fighting.

## MRS. LESH TO PLEAD NOT GUILTY TODAY

SUBALIA, Nov. 24.—When Mrs. Lesh is charged with poisoning her son in Pettis county, Missouri, she will appear in court today to plead not guilty. Her attorney said tonight that the charge of having caused the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Quintanilla at Subalia, Mo., in July 1904, which she tried on the charge of poisoning, Mrs. Lesh is accused of poisoning.

Lesh is a Texas woman and an uncle, Mrs. Lesh, arrived here today to remain until the conclusion of her trial. Lesh and Mrs. Lesh have a son, Lesh, and he does not know where the father of Mrs. Lesh is living.

Lesh came here from Jacksonville, Fla., where he assisted in the settlement of an estate which he said was valued at \$75,000 and of which he said the mother of Mrs. Lesh was two of six sons.

Mrs. Lesh spent much time reading the Bible today.

## WOULD-BE DYNAMITER WAS ALSO COUNTERFEITER

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 24.—An arrest for passing a counterfeit money was added today to the criminal record of Carl Riedelbach, the would-be dynamiter, who was arrested last Tuesday after holding possession of the central police station with an infernal machine for an hour and a half.

It was learned by the police that Riedelbach was arrested in 1911 in San Luis Obispo, Cal., in a charge of passing counterfeit dollars. He was released after having been held in jail for a month under the name of George Wilson.

Riedelbach is a German and is a clock maker by trade. He is a member of a secret society and is known to the police as a dangerous character.

## COKEDALE MINER DIES FROM KICK BY MULE

TRINIDAD, N. M., Nov. 24.—A miner at a coal mine here today was killed by a kick from a mule. The miner was working in a mine when he was kicked by a mule. He died from the kick.

**SENATOR RAYNER STILL IN CRITICAL CONDITION**  
WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Senator Rayner is still in a critical condition. He was injured in an accident and is now in the hospital.



**Have You A Telephone?**

There will be many days during the next few months when members of your family may be obliged to leave the house in bad weather on errands. Telephone service takes care of such emergencies. Let us complete the comforts of your home.

**The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.**  
P. A. HOLLAND, Dist. Mgr.

## PLAN EVOLVED TO AID FARMERS IN INCREASING CROP YIELDS

**President of National Soil Fertility League Shows How Country Will Be Benefited**

By H. H. Goss, president National Soil Fertility League.  
CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The chief of the business world, at the Chicago conference, has shown how the country will be benefited by the use of soil fertility.

My observations and studies of the soil fertility problem have been of increasing interest in studying of the soil fertility problem. It is now a fact that the soil fertility problem is a serious one and that the country will be benefited by the use of soil fertility.

It was plainly evident that the soil of the nation was being exhausted. The cost of production was out of all proportion to the volume and quality of the crop. The methods of farming were inefficient. The demand for food was increasing more rapidly than the supply and resources for supply. In fact, these in some respects were diminishing. There was no relief in sight.

Authentic statistics on careful analysis showed a most disquieting situation. The proof was overwhelming that such a condition was being created by the present methods of farming. The proof was that the soil was being exhausted and that the country was being benefited by the use of soil fertility.

**U. S. CRUISERS PROCEED ON JOURNEY TO TURKISH WATERS**  
GIBRALTAR, Nov. 24.—The United States cruisers Tennessee and Monticello, which arrived here Thursday under command of Rear Admiral Austin M. Knight, proceeded for Turkish waters today for the protection of American citizens. The Tennessee sailed for Smyrna and the Montana for Beirut.

**MAY DISCHARGE HEAD OF THE CUBAN ARMY**  
HAVANNA, Nov. 21.—The deliberations of the national assembly of the Cuban people, caused by the Zaldívar, for the purpose of reviewing the legal status of the recent Cuban revolution, was closed today.

A request was forwarded to the president to dismiss General Moncada, head of the army, from the post of commander in chief, and the national assembly to intimate voters.

**SEATTLE FEELS SLIGHT EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS**  
SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 24.—Two slight earthquake shocks were felt here tonight. The first shock was at 7:20 and the second at 8:30. No damage was done.

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Bituminous Nut \$4 00 ton  
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## COLORADO SPRINGS GAZETTE

Published every day in the year at The Gazette Building by the

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MONDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1912.

## WHAT WE LOST

SOME idea of what Colorado Springs lost when its city council gave away in 1898 the power privileges of the city waterworks system is shown in the just-published reports of the operations of two municipal light plants, one in South Norwalk, Conn., the other in Kansas City.

In South Norwalk commercial lighting rates range from 9 cents down to 5 cents, with 10 per cent reduction if paid within 10 days.

In Kansas City commercial lighting is 6 cents.

Compare this with the rate of 11 cents in Colorado Springs, with 10 per cent reduction if paid within the specified time. And remember that electricity is produced more cheaply in Colorado Springs than in either of the above cities, since in Colorado Springs a large proportion of the power used comes from water donated by the city.

In South Norwalk power rates vary from 5 cents down to 3 cents, in Kansas City from 3 cents to 1 cent, while in Colorado Springs 4 cents is the minimum, except to a few large and favored consumers.

In South Norwalk the minimum charge for commercial lighting is 55 cents, in Kansas City 75 cents, in Colorado Springs \$1.25.

It will be observed that in every instance the municipal plants furnish cheaper service than our private plant, though without question electricity is produced very much cheaper here than in either South Norwalk or Kansas City.

The plant in Kansas City has just been established, primarily for the purpose of furnishing street lights. The service, however, is to be extended to all consumers who desire to make a contract. It is as yet too early to determine how efficiently the plant can be conducted.

But the South Norwalk plant has been established 20 years. It has cost, counting the initial investment and subsequent enlargements and improvements, \$200,000. Besides furnishing free light to the city, and the cheapest light and power to consumers of any city in that section of the country, the plant has earned \$175,000. By the end of this year the remaining debt of \$25,000 against it will be paid off, and the city will then either lower the rates to consumers or have a fine income to apply to the reduction of taxes.

In Colorado Springs the new ornamental lights can't be burned, because the city hasn't the money to pay the light company. Yet the city owns power far more than sufficient to make this the brightest-lighted city in the United States, at a merely nominal cost. But, through the granting of that Jackson franchise, the city is now so entangled in legal meshes that it can't even develop its own power.

And, though bonds for the establishment of a municipal lighting plant were voted years ago, the courts haven't yet decided whether the city can buy power from the hydro-electric company, in accordance with the plain terms of the Jackson franchise plan, that is, to a layman.

Considering the conditions of financial embarrassment in which the city finds itself, and the large amount of money that could be saved annually through the establishment of a municipal lighting plant, could the city council devote itself to a better purpose than to the task of securing from the supreme court a decision on the case that that learned body has been considering since December 18, 1911?

## A COURT-RECALLED DECISION

SOME years ago the New York court of appeals, in the Knisely case, decided that a woman injured while working at a machine with an unprotected cog in violation of the law could not recover for injuries. The court held that she assumed the risk when she consented to work at the machine, knowing it was unprotected.

It was for denouncing this law as cruel and ruthless that Theodore Roosevelt was held up to scorn and execration in the eastern press as little better than an anarchist, a man who would destroy the bul-

warks of the constitution in asking that the people be permitted to "recall" such a decision. The court, it was contended by the colonel's critics, could only interpret the law as it found it; even to hint that the court might make a mistake, and that those mistakes should be corrected by the people, was such constitutional sacrilege as to cause the esteemed New York Post actually to turn purple with the rage which filled it as it denounced Roosevelt's attempted outrageous sacrilege of the sacred judiciary.

But on October 23 this self-same court of appeals of New York, with several of the same judges still sitting who had joined in the Knisely decision, reversed itself in deciding the Fitzwater case. In this case the court has given judgment in favor of a boy whose foot was crushed while working in the basement of a sawmill, although he is proved to have known of the illegally exposed set screw which did the injury.

By this decision the honorable court has put its vehement defenders in a cruelly embarrassing position. They said the former decision was the law, and that he who asserted that means should be provided for reversing the decision was little better than a traitor. Yet the court now confirms all Roosevelt ever said against the decision, by itself reversing its former decision.

The court has conceded its fallibility. The law has not changed; the court has. What was unconstitutional a few years ago is constitutional now because the court has reversed its former decision.

But the court cannot undo the wrong occasioned by its former decision. Hundreds of men and women, injured on unprotected machines, have gone without redress because of that Knisely decision. Now the court confesses that every one of those plaintiffs should have recovered damages, but they can't get damages, because their cases have been thrown out of court.

If there had existed a law for the recall of decisions the Knisely decision would have been at once recalled. Mrs. Knisely would have had reparation for her injuries, as would others injured through no fault of their own.

The New York court of appeals confirmed the justice of the contention of Theodore Roosevelt and the Progressive party for the recall of decisions when it reversed itself on the Knisely decision.

The court confessed its own fallibility, its own mistake. All the Progressives ask for the people is the opportunity to correct the mistakes of fallible judges. If the people of New York had possessed that power a few years ago the long injustice of this admittedly mistaken Knisely decision would not have been permitted.

## AMPLY PROTECTED

OF what avail would be a decision of the state supreme court holding the charters of Colorado Springs, Pueblo and Grand Junction "revolutionary," as Judge A. Walter Dixon asserts them to be, cannot be determined. When the charter cities submitted the home rule amendment, and secured its adoption, they proved both their own determination to preserve their governments, and the fact that in this determination they have the backing of a majority of the people.

The home rule amendment recalled one decision of the supreme court. Now the charter cities are further protected by the recall of decisions amendment and the recall of officials amendment. In attempting now to destroy charter government Judge Dixon is but smashing his head against a most solid and substantial stone wall.

## MORE "PROGRESS"

DEMOCRATS of Kansas City, who control the city council, have refused to submit to the vote of the people an amendment to the city's charter providing for the initiative, the referendum and recall.

## REMEMBER?

THIS is the last week of November. December is almost upon us. Remember that resolution you formed last year to do your Christmas shopping early?



## THIS COUNTRY QUITE SAFE

From the San Francisco Chronicle.  
The few Americans who may be of Congress-man Hobson's way of thinking will be able to take comfort from some of the things which Kiyu Sue Inui, vice president of the Great Lakes International Arbitration society, said in his address before the Young Men's Christian association of this city on Sunday.

"How much money do we need to wage war against the United States?" Inui said. He was asked by a prominent Japanese financier. "Why," replied the latter, "no one would lend us money to fight America." And a military expert of whom he inquired how many men would be needed to invade this country, responded: "The two largest nations in the world could not win against the United States on land."

That is the case in a nutshell. There is no desire on the part of this country to boast of its power and its resources. But it has both. If we were sufficiently provided, we should fight and win. The day has passed—at any rate with respect

to the United States—when the capture of a capital city means the end of a war. It is conceivable that a hostile fleet might bombard New York, or any other seaboard city, and land troops. Washington might be taken—as it was in 1812—but that would settle nothing.

The United States is too vast a country to be conquered, even if parts of it were overrun. Headquarters could be established anywhere that it might be found desirable, and mobilization effected, millions of men manufactured and a campaign waged which, in the end, would be successful against any probable enemy.

Of course, as between the United States and Japan, war is not considered at all. Japan is not a rich nation, and just at present finds it very necessary to make money. Not only could that country not expect to profit by a struggle with America, but such a conflict would divert Japanese effort from profitable fields.

## THANKSGIVING

From the Chicago Tribune.

For much wheat and corn.  
For the fact that paving bricks are not torn up and piled across the streets in barricades the first Wednesday after the first Monday in November.

For Indian summer without Indians, for log and hominy, fat hams and good, red herring; for red apples, reading lamps, slippers and content.

For ability to fight in an election heatedly and accept a victor good naturedly; for peace and tranquility; for busy industries; for enough spirituality to keep comforts from becoming gross, for an awakening sense of responsibility toward such as have hard work to keep the bins full of coal and potatoes, for a conscience to keep prosperity from becoming fatty in intellect and sluggish in heart.

For these and for much else, and for the gift of words which Alvin A. Adee has to set them forth, a day of Thanksgiving, November 28, by proclamation done in the city of Washington in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and of the independence of the United States of America the one hundred and thirty-seventh.

## CONSTANTINOPLE

From the Kansas City Times.

The history of Constantinople was said years ago to be chiefly a record of sieges. Put on the map by Constantine the Great, in 330, it withstood its first siege a century later. It was threatened by the Huns in 460, by the Huns and Slavs in the next century, and by the Persians and Avars in 626. Three times the Arabs assailed it. Four times the Russians were driven back from its walls, and it fell before the Turks only after the second expedition made in the fifteenth century. In most of its many sieges it drove back the enemy. It was entered on only three occasions.

Since it has been under Turkish control, the city has been threatened only four times—once by the combined Russian and English fleets, in 1770; a second time by a British squadron, in 1807; the third time by the Russian army of liberation, in 1877, when a hasty peace stopped the czar's advance, and the fourth time by the Bulgarian forces today.

For 1,100 years Constantinople was one of the important cities of Christendom. For less than five centuries it has been under the crescent. It would be an historic event if the Bulgarians, as they have predicted, could bring a Turk to the great mosque of St. Sophia, which once was a Christian church.



## A NEBRASKA NUANCE

From the St. Louis Times.

The man wore only a pair of trousers, an undershirt and a pair of socks. He did not wear hose.

## MATINEE AT 8 P. M.

All members of the Oklahoma City Advertising club are respectfully requested to dine with Mr. Hubbard at luncheon today, noon.

## THE UNCONVENTIONAL BLACK

From a Big Rock (Ia.) Exchange.

The bride was dressed in a tan tailored suit, with white chiffon Indian embroidered in silk, and hat to match. The groom wore a gold hump stickpin.

## About Nerves

By RUTH CAMERON.

The lawyer for the other side—you remember I told you about him, he is that part of you that if it is given any encouragement will present the arguments for the other side when you are thinking over your grievances or other people's faults—held such an interesting argument with me the other night, that I want to pass it on to you.

The argument was on the subject of an invalid neighbor of mine who has no trouble with any of her organs but is a victim of sick nerves. Whenever things do not go just right, she gets fearfully nervous, and depressed, and makes everybody about her miserable by her gloomy voice and face.

Now it seems to me that if she would only make an effort, she could rise above the depression and keep from getting so nervous. Said the lawyer for the other side, "No she couldn't any more than you could help feeling a pain in your arm if you had one. Nervous depression is just as involuntary a thing as a pain."

Said I, "Well anyhow she could have prevented herself from getting into such a nervous state. She certainly is to blame for that."

Said the lawyer for the other side, "Could you have helped getting that terrible pain in your back when you had to work so hard last summer? You don't think you ought to be blamed for that, do you?"

"No," said I, reluctantly, "but anyhow nervousness is not to be compared with a terrible pain like that."

"Isn't it?" said the lawyer for the other side, "That's where you're greatly mistaken. Didn't I read in something you wrote that you thought that mental pain was infinitely worse than physical pain? Well, that's what nervous depression is—the worst sort of mental suffering—grimacing, restless ache like well, like that rheumatism you said was the worst thing you ever had. You think it's terrible just to see anyone look so gloomy. Well, how do you suppose it seems to feel that way?"

"There is something in that," I reluctantly conceded.

"Something," retorted the lawyer for the other side, "I should say there was."

It is something hard to understand and sympathize with a person when we know that there is nothing organic the matter, when it's just a case of nerves."

We sometimes feel as if that meant that a little effort on the part of the sick one would cure her. In reality such cases mean that the patient will have to use infinitely more effort and patience than if there were merely something wrong with some single organ.

We think of nerves as intangible things; but if you will stop to think about it you will realize that they are just about the real things that can be the very core and center of reality.

So in the future when I am inclined to get out of patience with anyone who is nervous I am going to remember the arguments of the lawyer for the other side.

Will you join me?

## ANGER

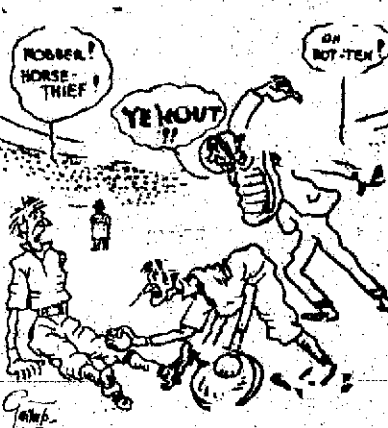
By GEORGE FITCH,  
Author of "At Good Old Slivash"

Anger is an overheated bearing in the temper which causes the brain to stop working until it is cooled off.

However, this heat is the only part of an angry person's which stops working. An angry man is the busiest specimen of humanity. It keeps the tongue, eyes, arms, legs and teeth busy doing justice to some cases of anger, and it takes a full hospital corps, and often a reinforced police department, to handle the results.

Anger is caused in many ways, and can be produced with no practice, even by a mere child. Sometimes a four-word adjective will produce enough anger to keep the county appellate and supreme courts tolerably busy for several years. Often a frail man, weighing only 140 pounds, can do a man and chest protector and produce 25,000 cases of anger in the third degree on the baseball field in less than 15 minutes.

Some men can be made furiously angry by an underdone pancake or late breakfast or a slow street car or a man with an impatient face. These men are angry so much of the time that they offer the art an advanced age with their brains almost unused. Other men require a great deal of encouragement before they fight up with the



"Often a frail man can do a man and chest protector and produce 25,000 cases of anger in the third degree in less than 10 minutes."

game of battle. Sometimes a quarrel can be annoyed for several hours before he ignites. Beware of such men. Their fuses are usually short, and when they explode they are full of shrapnel.

Anger produces startlingly different effects on its victims. Some men get angry exclusively with their tongues. Others have quick-tempered fists, while still others have nervous and excitable trigger fingers. There are men who cannot express anger without the aid of a brick, and there are men who will nurse a case of bad temper for months until election time enables them to make a cross where it will do the object of their wrath the least good.

Anger is a great nuisance in the child, and is many times more dangerous than hydrophobia to the nation. But the lack of facilities for venting angry is almost as great a curse. The man who can view a masher with calmness or can laugh happily while villains are abstracting the reins of government is as useless as a gasoline engine which fails to explode when the current is turned on. The right kind of anger, when effectively harnessed up, has saved nations and has made cold pallid remains out of villains.

(Copyrighted by George Mathew Adams.)

## IF THIS IS YOUR BIRTHDAY



Do not make great changes or enter upon new projects. It will be better for you to concentrate your attention on the tasks in hand, and not to attempt too many things at one time. Those born today will have uneventful careers, but will be moderately successful in their undertakings. Versatility, rather than special talents, will be characteristics of them.

## VENERABLE WINE

From Harper's Weekly.

In the progress of excavations, made with a view to the discovery of archaeological inscriptions, old wine has been found in a sarcophagus in a Gallo-Roman and Christian necropolis near Bordeaux. The vial of ancient wine is deeply interesting to philologists, archaeologists, and chemists. In the midst of the ancient regulations a square monument, showing all the characteristics of the Gallo-Roman style of the first century was found. Fitted into a recess under an arch was an enormous sarcophagus, and in it, lying by a skeleton, was a long glass vial of a form never found among the antiquities of the Gauls. The contents were analyzed to determine whether coloring matter or a poison had been sealed in the tomb. The analysis showed all the principles of wine, old and dried; and the dust left on the sides of the vial as the wine dried when analyzed was found to contain tartar and tannin.

The wine, like the vial, seems to have originated in Syria, for very ancient bottles of the same kind found in Asia Minor are kept in the museum of the Louvre. The form of the vial is the same, and the glass may have been made in the manufactory that furnished the vials in the Louvre. The wines of Syria were known and renowned in the early days of the Roman empire, and in those days the commerce between Syria and Bordeaux was brisk.

The vial of ancient wine found in Bordeaux is the second found in France. In 1877, a little amphora was discovered in Africa.

In 15 years the cost of living has advanced 25 per cent.

This week is the time to do your Christmas shopping.

Here is the place.

Hardy's  
16 N. Tejon



THIRTY YEARS AGO TODAY

TWENTY YEARS AGO TODAY

November 25, 1882.

The opera of "The Sleeping Queen" was given by local talent at the Opera house, under the direction of Prof. Finlay Finlayson, and was a great success.

Many of the Colorado Springs merchants were exhibiting fine stocks of recently received holiday goods.

Word was received that Dr. B. St. George Tucker would return to Colorado Springs and renew the practice of his profession here.

November 25, 1892.

The De La Vergne Furniture company, composed of Col. George F. De La Vergne and his sons, Paul and George, sold out to J. R. Dagge & Co.

The old city jail was to be fitted up as a lodging for tramps.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Seidomridge gave an enjoyable housewarming party at their handsome new residence, on the corner of Boulder and Weber street.

## THE HASKIN LETTER

THE FISH INDUSTRY

III—ON THE NEW ENGLAND COAST

By FREDERIC J. HASKIN.

The products of the New England fisheries have always played an important part in the fishing interests of the country, although they do not, as formerly, constitute the country's chief supply of fish. But the coast from Maine to New York has always abounded with fish of numerous kinds and the New England colonists were the first to recognize the commercial value of this article of food. Last year the products of these fisheries, which center principally at Gloucester and Boston, amounted to 186,153,367 pounds having a money value of considerably over \$5,000,000. This quantity was secured by 8,800 trips in boats and vessels of various kinds, and it included cod, cusk, hake, pollock, halibut and mackerel for its chief products. According to the returns made for the industry up to September 1, 1912, the products of these fisheries for this year have amounted to 116,795,931 pounds, worth \$2,976,497, which is somewhat less than the amount for the same period of last year. In spite of this decrease, however, there are many reasons for believing that the fishing industry of that part of the country will continue to hold its own as in the past.

The Maine fishing coast, because of its long extent, is a most important part of the New England fishing territory. It furnishes a large percentage of the lobster catch of these states and in addition supplies cod, herring, mackerel and most of the other Atlantic fish. Eastport, Me., claims the honor of originating the fish canning industry in this country by the use of hermetically sealed cans. The process originated with the French, and was first tried upon this continent at Eastport in 1810. In 1845, Charles Mitchell, who had opened the establishment in Halifax, moved to Eastport, and from that time on the canning of various fish products has been an important industry in many towns scattered along the coast of Maine.

Codfish Most Important.

The most important product of the New England fisheries is cod, a fish of recognized quality for centuries. As far back as 1635, when it was reported that King Charles I. was displeased with the Massachusetts colonists because they had presumed to coin the famous "Pine Tree Shilling," the general court of the state ordered a present sent to appease him, which consisted of 3,000 codfish, 10 barrels of cranberries and two hogheads of sump. The codfish was eaten at court with many encomiums, and from that time continued to be an important article of commerce between the old country and the new.

The New England fishermen do not confine their labors to their own immediate locality, but pursue their prey all along the coast of New England, and even to the coast of the Gloucester fishermen, in particular, go to western Greenland for large halibut, which are brought home to be smoked in flitches. The winter fishermen drive quite a thriving trade in frozen herring, which they take along the coast of New England and sell to fishermen further south to be used as bait. The frozen herring trade, which began as an experiment in 1845, has now developed into an important branch of the fishing industry. The whole fishing industry, while not as important as in former years because of the number of substitutes which have been found for whole products, is still in existence in New England, and there are crews of stalwart whaling men who go out each year. Although their methods are somewhat different from those employed in the previous generation, the work still calls for long exposure in the coldest, stormiest weather, and each year whale fishers are turning their attention to some new and more profitable calling.

Modern Fishing Boats. In connection with the fishing industry of New England mention must be made of the manufacture of all classes of fishing implements, including boats and vessels of different kinds. The modern fishing boats contain many conveniences unknown to the old fishermen, who were content to risk their lives and suffer all kinds of exposure with few comforts. Now these boats are supplied with special life-saving jackets, which are waterproof, with clothing that is warm and waterproof, and as light in weight as possible. The arrangements

ments for providing warm food (short notice, as well as comfortable sleeping quarters, is a feature which makes some of the old "Northern" fishermen's sneer about "lousy bachelors" although they seem to fully appreciate the added comfort.

The fishing business in New England must be divided into two classes. That of catching the fish and that of preserving and shipping. The catching of fish varies according to the species to be secured, and there are growing number of foreign fishermen employed in it under the direction of Americans. Around Gloucester a large percentage of the fishing is done by Portuguese, who have built up a good sized suburb to this old colonial town. These men are usually distrustful of sober and live with their families in attractive homes of their own. A large proportion of the women are engaged in the fish-packing establishments. Usually a fishing vessel will be under the direction of an American skipper, with a large percentage of the hands made up of foreigners.

It is claimed that there are few labor difficulties among the New England fishermen than in any other industry. The chief reason for this is that it is almost entirely upon a cash basis. The owners of the vessels furnish the supplies and the men give their labor and the proceeds of the catch are evenly divided. It is a good haul there is a fair profit for each. If the luck is bad it is shared by all alike. There are, of course, a few unskilled laborers who are paid small daily wages, but the true fisherman is not a hireling. He prefers to depend upon his "fisherman's luck," and is a happier and more independent man because of it.

Number Allied Industries. The handling of the fish after it is caught includes a number of kindred industries. By common consent Gloucester is known as the great fish center of New England and Boston as the fresh fish market. In various towns and villages all along the New England coast are scattered establishments for canning, salting and smoking fish, but to a large extent the fish are under the control of companies having their central offices in either Gloucester or Boston.

The salting of fish is an industry employing thousands of men and women. In some vessels ice is taken on board and the fish are packed in ice until they are brought ashore, after which they are packed in salt. The old method, which is still most generally used, is to open the fish, soon as caught and pack them in salt. Then, when they are taken on shore, the surplus salt is rinsed off and the fish are put upon the "flakes" to dry in open air. These flakes are racks of wood built in long tiers. The salt codfish is laid upon these and turned over once or twice until it is dry enough to pack. The time varying from eight to 24 hours, according to the weather. Incidentally, the salt used in the dressing of these fish is almost imported either from Spain or Algiers. It can be secured from abroad cheaper than it can be manufactured in America, and the quality seems to be suited to fish preservation than domestic salt. The quaint foreign vessels which come into the Gloucester harbor laden with salt are a picturesque addition to the port. The price for transporting the salt is exceedingly low, since it is brought on as ballast, and the boat owners count upon the vessel being laden with some more profitable merchandise for America for the home trip.

Ship Fish by Boatland. In Boston, the fresh fish are handled in great cargoes and shipped to every part of the country as well as to foreign ports. The development of a refrigeration system has made possible the immense trade in fresh fish that is increasing each season. It has been claimed that there has been a fall-off of the use of salt fish during the last 20 years, and this is chiefly due to the increased use of ice. Families that a generation ago depended upon a kit of mackerel and salted cod for their fish supply are dispensing with these articles because they can now get the fish as fresh as when it came from the water. Consequently a larger percentage of the salted fish is exported.

(Continued on Page Nine.)







# THE Home Builders' Page

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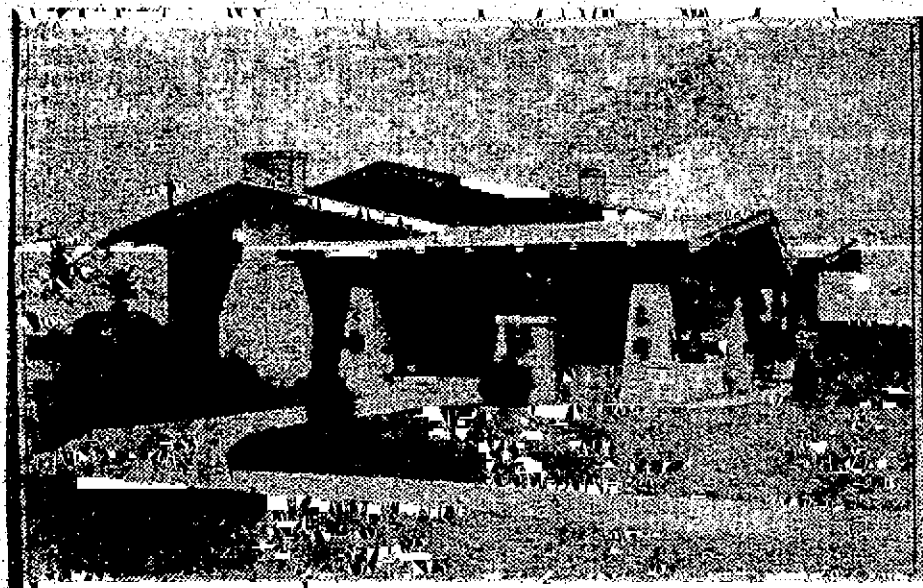
This sum buys the \$1,000 equity in the four-room, modern new bungalow at 1918 North Corona St. Hard wood floors, laundry tubs, cellar, large lot, fenced, etc. It will pay to investigate. Call, or Phone Main 2471.

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## Educate Your Children?

in business and money matters as well as books. One of the best ways of doing this is to let them have a savings account with THE ASSURANCE SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION. Habits of industry and thrift developed in early youth will give them a start to success at the formative period of life when they most need it.

## THE ATTRACTIVE BUNGALOW SHOWN ON THIS PAGE

Is only one of the many beautiful designs shown and described in our handsome book—CRAFTSMAN BUNGALOWS AND PLANS. If you contemplate building, be sure and write for this valuable book. Price \$1.

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It makes a very pleasing and inviting home in every respect. The porch is 8x17 ft. with heavy cement columns. The living room with its low French windows opening onto the terrace is one of the attractive features of this design. The kitchen and pantry are models of convenience. In all, a most desirable bungalow.

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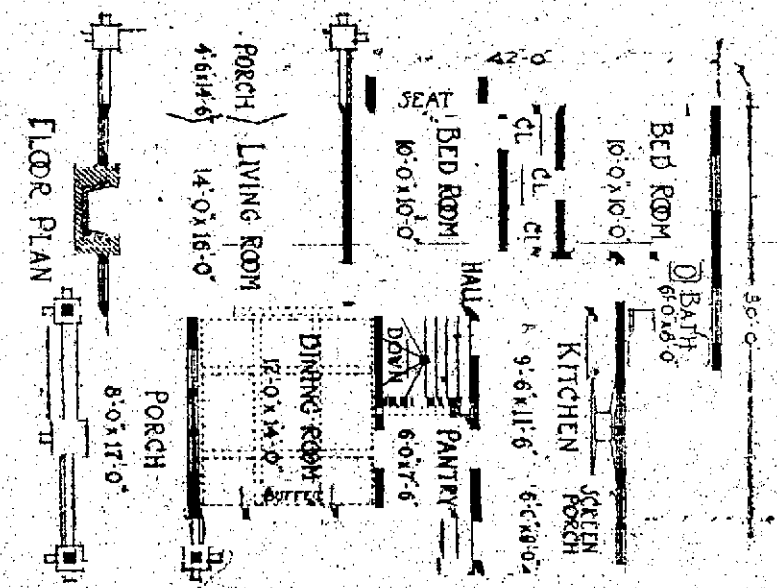
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The wise man when buying real estate, takes the precaution of procuring a Title Guarantee Policy as a prevention of future trouble. It is cheaper than curing a sick title afterward, besides less wearing on the nervous system. It is the cheapest insurance there is, taking into consideration the safety provided, and the unlimited time for which it runs.

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# SPORTS

## TERRORS ISSUE CHALLENGE FOR CHAMPIONSHIP BATTLE

At to Play Off Tie With Centennial; Meet Monte Vista Thursday

Good, hard practice both morning and afternoon. There will be only light signal work Wednesday.

Based on scores and victories, the Terrors should be given the title. The locals have run up 257 against state teams, and Centennial has run up only 143. Centennial defeated La Junta in two games, one 19 to 2 and another 24 to 0. The Terrors easily won with a 52-to-0 score. The best in northern Colorado and in Denver have gone down before the onslaught of the locals—Eaton, 76 to 0, and Maquet of Denver, 61 to 0.

**Board May Decide.**

If Centennial refuses to play off the game, local high school authorities will ask that a neutral board be appointed from athletic experts in the state to determine which team has the championship of Colorado. The Terrors tried to get two games with Centennial, starting August 31, but Centennial refused.

**To Get to Work.**

Although a few of the Terrors are badly bruised from the Centennial game, the team will be in good shape for the Monte Vista game, Thursday. It is believed that the locals will come back with a rush, having been shown their weaknesses in a manner that other state teams have been incapable of.

**Morning Practice.**

He has been called for this and what Coach Blair will do with his crew of footballists will be seen in the category. All the will be gone over, and there is to be some of the hardest training in the history of the local team to vacation this week, the will have an opportunity for

## MINES STATE CHAMPIONS; ZIMMERMAN LEADS NAT'L CONFERENCE

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Heinie Zimmerman, third baseman of the Chicago team, leads the National league batsmen for the season of 1912.

The official batting averages were made public tonight, and show Zimmerman with a percentage of .372, 34 points in the lead of his nearest competitor, "Chief" Meyers of New York, who hit at the rate of .358 for the season.

Sweeney of Boston and Evers of Chicago are third and fourth men, respectively, the former with an average of .341 and the latter with .341. Of men who played in 100 games or more, Doyle of New York is fifth, with .330, and Wagner of Pittsburgh, last year's leader, sixth, with .324.

This is only the third time in 10 years that Wagner has not led the league in batting, and in no year during that period has he batted under .320. Bescher of Cincinnati leads in stolen bases, with 67 to his credit.

Highly interesting and exhaustive experiments, involving for the first time the use of the automobile in wireless telephony, have recently been made by E. C. Hanson of Los Angeles, Cal. One of the most recent experiments was a message sent over the ranges from Long Beach, 38 miles away. The current was supplied by the lighting storage battery with which his car is equipped.

**Conference Standings.**

W.	L.	Pct.
4	1	.800
3	1	.750
2	2	.500
2	2	.500
1	3	.250
0	3	.000

## ER WINS CROSS COUNTRY FROM AGGIES

DEK, Nov. 24.—In the first inter-collegiate cross-country meet ever held in Colorado, which took place on the athletic field this afternoon between the University of Colorado and the Agricultural college, the Colorado college team defeated the Aggie team by the score of 37 to 42 Saturday noon. The course was over a 4.8-mile road 4.8 miles in length, and the athletic field.

The race was made by Clarence Short of the Silver and Gold team, who finished in 58:40 seconds, and winner race, was considered remarkable. The following were the finishers: Colorado, first, Owens; Colorado, second, Divan; Colorado, third, Hudegins; Colorado, fourth, Duce; Colorado, fifth, Lantz; Colorado, sixth, Johnson; Aggie, seventh, Yowell; Colorado, eighth, Jordan; ninth, Short; Aggie, tenth, Colorado, eleventh, and twelfth.

William Page Harlow, dean of the university of Colorado medical, presented the winning team field, and medals to the members of the team.

"HEINIE" ZIMMERMAN, BEST BATTER IN NATIONAL LEAGUE

## THE GREATEST ATHLETE IN THE WORLD



**JIM THORPE.**

The wonderful Sac and Fox Indian of Carlisle school, who last summer won the title of champion athlete of the world, and whom football experts are now calling the world's most brilliant gridiron star.

## Michigan Back in Big Nine; to Split in Two Conferences

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The return of the University of Michigan to the "Big Nine" conference, and its participation in conference athletics no later than next spring, is predicted by men in touch with the situation here today, after a series of meetings of conference representatives, who met together at the close of the football season. A disruption of the "Big Nine" into two conferences is said to be a coming event, foreshadowed by the predicted return of Michigan.

The only feature of Michigan athletics not in accord with conference functions is the football team, and Michigan is said to be willing to forego this.

The suggestion of Michigan again becoming a member of the "Big Nine" brought forth an intimation that splitting the organization might be the next thing with the larger universities in a "Big Four" or "Big Five" and the other members in a similar organization.

The news of a possible resumption of athletic relations between Michigan and some of the large western colleges was received with satisfaction by a majority of the student body here.

Nothing definite has reached Ann Arbor regarding the negotiations at Chicago, Director Bertelme, who attended the meeting declining, in a long-distance telephone conversation, even to tell what colleges were represented.

While the students would welcome a renewal of friendly relations with members of the "Big Nine," they insist that Michigan should not be compelled to accept all the rulings of that body as at present constituted, and that a return to the conference should not interfere with Michigan's relations with Pennsylvania, Cornell and Syracuse.

## HOLMES QUILTS C. C. CONNIE MACK NOW TEAM FOR SEASON OWNS HALF INTEREST

Charles Holmes, the husky Tiger guard, has been forced to quit the team owing to heavy outside work and parental objection and will not play in the final game of the year here Thursday. Holmes played a stellar game during the first of the season but when the team took its slump Holmes went with it in form.

The deal by which Mr. Mack has doubled his baseball holdings makes him one of the largest owners of baseball stock in the major leagues. Connie secured his additional stock from Frank L. Hough and Samuel H. Jones, who have been directors of the Athletics since 1902.

In announcing the deal, Mr. Mack said:

"The proposition to sell out my interest in the club by Messrs. Hough and Jones was made some time ago, and it did not take long for us to come to an agreement as to what their shares were worth. They disposed of their stock in the club, as well as in the ball park to me, so that I now have a one-half interest in each. How much money was involved in the deal I would not care to state."

## CUBS TO BE CALLED CRABS NEXT SEASON

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Critics already have dubbed the 1912 Cubs as the Crabs. President Charles Webb Murphy admits that he fears for the safety of umpires next year.

Johnny Evers, the Cubs' new manager, years ago was styled the biggest crab in baseball. The Trojan does not deny this; in fact, he has often boasted of it and laughed when he named himself the "Human Crab."

Otis Clymer, the veteran Minneapolis outfielder, who Evers considers using in the outer garden, has for years been recognized as a champion crab. They say his groins have won many a game for the Millers.

Bodie McDonald, the new utility player, secured from Sacramento, is also an umpire biter. Crabs make wise players, Evers argues. Some say that was one reason why Evers traded Downey for McDonald.

Miller, outfielder, is also known as an ill-tempered player, and the famous Heinie Zimmerman, by his threats to bite of umpires' ears, holds title as a crab. True, Evers has promised to control his temper as much as possible, but Murphy is afraid Johnny will forget this promise in the heat of close diamond battles.

The Garden of the Gods has been formally presented to the city of Colorado Springs and dedicated to the use of the public at large. Honor was paid to the memory of the late Charles E. Perkins, whose children and heirs carried out his wishes that the great national park be preserved to the people.

## THORPE GREATEST PLAYER IN HISTORY OF GRIDIRON

By W. J. MACBETH.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24. Jim Thorpe, of Carlisle, will go down in athletic history as the greatest red-skin of them all. It is doubtful if any human being ever combined the many-fold athletic possibilities as this young "back" of the Fox and Sac tribes. By winning the decathlon and pentathlon in Stockholm last summer, this young man proved America's greatest individual star and at the same time the most wonderful man who ever took part in the great international athletic championships since Greece first established this class in the shadow of Olympus.

There is nothing relating to sport or athletic strife that Thorpe cannot do and do exceptionally well. In fact, he is a champion at anything to which he turns his attention. Many versatile athletes there have been, but none before Thorpe versatile to championship degree in all. Thorpe is all round champion of the world in track and field sports. He is the best baseball player at Carlisle. He is the greatest halfback of all American football history, and perhaps the greatest gridiron warrior of all time. This man and Indians, Thorpe is a wonder in a word. He plays basketball, soccer, hockey and handball equally well.

**Greatest Football Player Ever.**

Just now the world is raving with his gridiron prowess and at this particular branch of sport he is worthy of full discussion. Those who were fortunate enough to see Thorpe in Carlisle's game against the Army at West Point saw, doubtless, the greatest exhibition of individual football skill portrayed on any gridiron.

"I saw Captain Dwyer, of the Army, in the dressing room after the game. Dwyer is the best tackle in the country and probably the strongest man in football. He is a perfect specimen of physical development, built symmetrically and standing six feet, four inches in his football gear, with an arm capable of winning his way through a scattered herd. There never was a man who knew more of following interference and breaking away from it at just the proper moment to his best advantage. You may have your 'Lefty' Flyns and your Brinkleys and your Ted Coys but I like Thorpe for mine every day in the week."

**Sure All-American.**

Walter Camp selected Thorpe as his all-American football team a year ago. The Indian is sure of a place of such high honor again this fall. He was good in 1911, his average was 90.0, and he was again the "X" was slightly marred by fumbling but it was noticeable that he muffed only when thrown hard after making long runs. It was noticeable after the first quarter.

## 5,000 SPORTSMEN EAT GOOSE AT SACRAMENTO

SACRAMENTO, Cal., Nov. 24.—Five thousand sportsmen from all parts of the United States participated today in a feast at Agricultural park, as the guests of Sacramento. The big goose stew, as it was called, was probably the largest affair of its kind yet recorded. Special trains were run from all directions, and extra cars were carried on the regular trains for the accommodation of the visitors. Sportsmen were present from nearly every state in the Union. Admittance was solely by invitation, sent by mail, weeks in advance.

For a week prior to the feast, scores of hunters were engaged in providing the 1,500 wild geese served in the big stew. Some of the visitors participated in the hunt, as well as the feast. Immense brick buildings were built and from kitchen provided for the stew. In the pavilion plates were laid for 2,000. It was necessary to serve the guests in relays. The first 2,000 sat down at 1:30, and an hour later gave way to another 2,000. The feast continued all the afternoon.

A vaudeville performance entertained the diners within the pavilion, while harness and automobile races and other sports were held outdoors.

## LOCKPORT, N. Y., ADOPTED AN ORDINANCE LIMITING THE SPEED OF MOTOR VEHICLES IN THE CITY LIMIT TO 15 MILES AN HOUR.

Lockport, N. Y., adopted an ordinance limiting the speed of motor vehicles in the city limit to 15 miles an hour. Signs have been posted in conspicuous roads and arrests under the law can now be prosecuted.

## THE DULUTH AUTOMOBILE CLUB, DULUTH, MINN., HAS STARTED A GOOD ROADS CAMPAIGN. IT IS LAYING OUT A NEW TWIN CITY-DULUTH ROAD, WHICH IS TO REACH FROM SANDSTONE, THE HALF-WAY POINT, THROUGH SUPERIOR, INSTEAD OF DIRECT TO DULUTH.

To prevent interference with traffic, automobile and hack stands have been assigned by Montgomery, Ala., authorities. Automobiles and other vehicles will not be allowed to stand at the curb at places other than these designated.

## THE ONTARIO MOTOR LEAGUE HAS AFFILIATED IN ITS ORGANIZATION 11 AUTOMOBILE CLUBS IN THE PROVINCE, AS FOLLOWS: Aylmer, Brantford, Chatham, Hamilton, Kingston, Niagara Falls, Ottawa, Peterborough, Stratford, St. Catharines and Woodstock.

Real estate men in Montgomery, Ala., are blaming the automobile for an alarming decrease in the sales of city property. They say that young men who a few years ago invested their surplus money in properties now are buying automobiles.

## ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IS TO BE SPENT ON RURAL ROADS IMMEDIATELY EAST OF NEW ORLEANS, LA. THE FUNDS PROVIDE FOR A NETWORK OF IMPROVED HIGHWAYS THAT WILL ADD MATERIALLY TO THE TERRITORY THAT CAN BE REACHED BY AUTOMOBILE FROM THAT CITY.

On recommendation of Sealer of Weights and Measures Woolley, of Boston, Mayor John F. Fitzgerald has signed an order granting the department permission to purchase a motor truck for city use in transporting the scales and sealing apparatus around Boston.

The Ohio State Railway commission has made a report showing the progress made in the improvement of the highways of the state to date. During the year road construction has been accomplished to the extent of \$1,192,400. The total length is 658,418.44 miles.

## Curtis and Hyer to Officiate Thursday

Joe Curtis, all-weather tackle when he played with Michigan in 1908, and former coach of the Mines team, will referee the big Thanksgiving day battle between the Tigers and the Denver Broncos here Thursday afternoon. Hyer, former Northwestern star, will umpire, and the other officials have not yet been chosen. These two men are as competent critics of the game in Colorado as can be secured, with the probable exception of C. Henry Smith of Boulder.

## Y. M. C. C. TO PLAY IN DENVER THANKSGIVING

Colorado Springs will be represented in Denver Thanksgiving day in a football game between the Young Men's Athletic club of this city and that of Denver. The battle will be staged at Union park. Both teams are colored. The Springs team has been practicing hard this year and has played several games with amateurs with a fair degree of success.

The team uses the following lineup: Fountain, bk. Frank Gross, rb. F. Reed, lb. F. Thomas, rg. Everett Reitz, tb. Little, l. H. P. Smith, qb. William Johnson, manager. Howard Robinson, head coach. George Gross, Jr., h. W. A. Fisher, captain and end. Signe Logan, lt. Curtis Miller, te.

China uses millions of pounds of old newspapers, which are sold as fuel for houses and cottages.







# Wants

**WANTED Male Help**  
Wanted to learn barber trade. Teach by free work and save of apprenticeship. No better jobs always waiting. Tools wages in finishing department. Mr. Porter, 1018 Barber College, Ar. Colo.

Will send you our folder of same and styles at your request. 115 DUNDEE WOOLLEN MILLS, Pikes Peak Ave., Colorado Springs, Colo.

**WANTED—First-class carpenters** to change work for lots; part cash. The Hastings-Allyn Realty & Eng. Co., 110 N. Tejon.

**MICHELL** wants your watch jewelry repairs. Satisfaction insured. Second floor, Midland Room 9.

**WANTED—Barber**, N. Nevada.

**WANTED—Common labor in exchange** make. 216 N. Tejon.

**WANTED Female Help**  
Wanted for Cripple Creek's best restaurant, experienced sales for the following departments: goods and silks, underwear, and y. domestics and linens. None except experienced need apply. A salary with good salary. For full particulars, address A. Levy, of The Glauber-Bear Co., Cripple Creek, Colo.

**WANTED—Lady** wants an experienced white girl for general housework in small home; one in the family tuberculosis. Address C-55, Gazette.

**WANTED—Girl** to learn novelty act; wages; travel; don't answer unless ready to go. Give phone. Leave by night. Address C-55, Gazette.

**WANTED—A good, honest girl** for general housework; German preference; \$3 per week; no washing. Address C-55, Gazette.

**WANTED—An apprentice** at Mrs. McNe's Hairdressing Parlors, 126 vada.

**WANTED—BUREAU**—45 First National Bank Bldg., Mrs. Rhine, Main 1405.

**WANTED—Girl** for second work washing. Apply 1st St. and Lake Broadmoor, S. W. corner.

**WANTED—Millinery**, O.M. materials a over. New felt and hand made clove coat, 418 N. Tejon.

**HENDERSON**, 122 E. Kiowa, ladies experienced help with ref., both male and female.

**ES** used clothing bought and at 32 N. Weber. Phone 894.

**Wanted—A young lady** as housekeeper for color. Address C-73, Gazette.

**Wanted—Girl** for general housework; 3 in family. 210 E. Tenth.

**WANTED Situations**  
Wanted by competent steno-grapher with four years experience. Phone Main 1119.

**G. woman** solicits engagements visiting companion to invalids. B-22, Gazette.

**IC STENOGRAPHER**, Lagerman Building.

**C by day** or washing at home. Main 2349.

**WANTED Miscellaneous**  
Wanted—30 nice straight maple, or ash, 6 to 8 inches in diameter. Apply Geo. J. Langerman, Wahsatch.

**Wanted—A young milch cow**; must be clean for cash. Call Main 1000, C-75.

**Wanted—To borrow** \$2,500 on good property. Address C-81, Gaz.

**Wanted—Male or female** Boston term must be cheap. Apply M. 2143.

**Wanted—To buy second-hand oak** showcases, 1504 Colo. Ave.

**Wanted—To buy auto** tourist 11. C-55, Gazette.

**Wanted—A black sharpshooter**, Sun Drug and Fiedler's cigar store.

**Wanted—A fresh cow**, that gives 5 or 6 milk milk. C-72, Gazette.

**Wanted—A 6-year-old work horse**, 1,350 lbs., cheap. Inquire at 1119.

**Wanted—Good driving horse** for sale. Inquire at 1119.

**Wanted—Cheap pony**, buggy and saddle. Inquire 320 E. Huertano.

**Wanted—A team of work horses** for sale. Ranch. Phone Black 1971.

## FOR RENT HOUSES

**Furnished**  
**TENT COTTAGE HOMES**  
Single or three-room, completely furnished for light housekeeping; water and toilet house convenient. Cottage phone M. 1003, 105 Cheyenne road; office phone M. 1181, 38 First National Bank Bldg., 2 to 5 p. m.

**TWO cozy, 5-room apartments**, modern except heat; furnished or unfurnished; low rent; 410 and 412 E. Yampa. Inquire on premises.

**WANTED—To rent** my home, 1015 N. Nevada, furnished or unfurnished, on long lease. Rent will be made reasonable to responsible tenant. Address H. H. Feldman, 1015 N. Nevada, P. O. box 254.

**ATTRACTIVE little rustic bungalow**, 4 rooms, sleeping porch; nicely furnished; gas range and electricity; pretty yard. 1700 Wood Ave.

**4-ROOM mod. house**, 15th St., west side. Apply Kennecott hotel. Phone M-1781.

**FOR RENT**—2 room, modern cottage; well furnished, piano; rent, \$30. Inquire 1521 S. Cascade Ave.

**FIVE-ROOM house** for rent, furnished; very convenient. 231 E. Vermijo. Phone M. 2186.

**LARGE 3-room cottage**, furnished and clean. 1011 N. Wahsatch.

**5-ROOM cottage**, fine location. Key 1213 N. Custer; modern except heat.

**6 OR 5-room house**, closed in. 26 West 13th.

**FOR 6 months or 1 year** Mrs. Lawrence's cottage, 311 Cheyenne road.

**2-ROOM furnished cottage**, modern. 125 N. Weber.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
**WALTER C. DAVIS**  
The Loan Man  
Loans money confidentially on household goods, pianos, life stock diamonds, second mortgages, and will buy or loan on secured paper.

I have been loaning money in Colorado Springs for years. My system is best. Room 40, First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 476.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
Any amount, lowest rates, no delay; fire, life, accident, burglary, plate glass, liability insurance, surety bonds. Agent Prudential Insurance company. W. W. WILLIAMSON

Rooms 40 and 41, First National Bank Bldg. Phone Main 476.

**MONEY TO LOAN**  
On Colorado Springs real estate and patented ranches in arid and semiarid with the security offered. No delay, as loans are made in our office.

**THE STATE REALTY COMPANY**  
First National Bank Building.

**MONEY to loan** on household goods, pianos, horses, cattle and all other chattel goods; also to men of permanent employment on their promissory notes, at low rates and easy terms. 303 Colorado Building. Phone 2550.

**PHONE MAIN 3853**  
**IF YOU NEED MONEY**  
**F. HENRY MILLER**  
1012 COLO. AVE., WEST SIDE

**PRIVATE LOANS**—On furniture, pianos, watches, diamonds, horses, clothing, etc., at low rates and easy terms; confidential. C. W. Bohannon, Room 1, 1012 N. Tejon. Phone 2121.

**SALARY loans**; lowest rates; easiest terms. Bell Loan, 36 1st Natl. Bank Bldg.

**\$25.00 UP** to loan on pianos, H. H. goods, cattle, autos; lowest rates; no delays. See us, 31 Bank Bldg.

**CHATEL or real estate loans** at reasonable rates. 318 Mining Exchange Building.

**PRIVATE loans**, real estate or chattel. Room 9, Midland Block.

**SEWING MACHINES**  
**CHASE SEWING MACHINE CO.**  
305 S. Tejon St.

See us for real bargains in machines. White sewing machines, used very little, \$30; Singer machines, new and second-hand, sold on \$2 a month payment; machines rented, \$1.50 per mo.; cleaned and adjusted, \$1.00. Work guaranteed. Phone 2081.

**DRFESSMAKING**  
**EXPERIENCED New York dressmaker**, by day or at home. Phone Main 2412. 607 N. Walnut.

**A & B customers**, sewing by the day; for reference, phone Main 509. Call Main 3115.

**AT HOME** or out by the day, by competent dressmaker and lady tailor. 710 North Wahsatch. Phone 2354.

**CHAP** rates and guaranteed work done by place. 115 S. Nevada. M. 1081.

**Watch and Clock Repairing**  
Watches cleaned, 50c; main spring, 80c; clock called for and delivered at reasonable prices; work guaranteed. S. Klein, 16 E. Huertano. Phone 541.

**CARPET CLEANING**  
This old reliable firm, Cleaver's. Compressed air and steam carpet cleaning and fluff rug weaving. Phone Main 3227.

**HEALTH**  
**APPENDICITIS**, Rheumatism, Kidney and all stomach troubles cured by Dr. Tyrrell's J. B. L. Cascade, 124 Kahn, agent 27 Independence Bldg.

**WANTED To Rent Rooms**  
Wanted—Lady and maid desire apartment of 4 or 5 furnished rooms for housekeeping for the winter; must be modern, bath, hot air or hot water heat; sleeping porch. Address C-57, Gazette.

**FOR RENT OFFICES**  
FOR RENT—Office rooms, single or en suite. Gazette Building. Apply Gazette Building, C-57.

**FOUND**  
—Fur neck piece. Owner call office.

## FOR RENT HOUSES

**Unfurnished**  
**NEVER BEEN OCCUPIED**  
6-room fully modern bungalow, with all the newest, up-to-date features; full cemented basement, with hot air furnace and laundry trays; large porches, built-in bookcases, buffet and kitchen cabinets, and all modern conveniences; 3 plate-glass mirrors; full lot and in north end; everything extra good, and only \$35 per month. Phone Main 1998.

**428 N. DEL NORTE**—6 rooms, fully modern, \$15.00; key next door, or A. J. Lawrence's office.

**318 N. Sheridan**—6 rooms, modern except heat; burn and outbuildings; large yard; key 1217 E. Boulder, or A. J. Lawrence's office.

**UNFURNISHED**, 5-room, modern apartment, second floor, 330 E. Bijou; vacant Nov. 15. Apply on premises, or Willis, Spackman & Kent.

**FOR RENT**—10 or 15-room unfurnished house, 415 E. Pikes Peak; reasonable rent to reliable party. Owner at 120 E. Pikes Peak.

**THREE-ROOM house**, with large cellar, electric lights; good location; \$7.50 month. Call 501 E. Platte.

**7 ROOMS**, modern except heat; gas range; good location; cheap. Phone Main 442.

**SIX rooms and sleeping porch**, strictly modern, close in, \$25 per month. 321 E. Platte, phone Red 458.

**7 ROOMS**, fully modern; northeast; \$17.50. State Realty Co., First Natl. Bank Bldg., Second floor.

**MODERN** unfurnished house, 1424 N. Nevada. Information John Weissmann, 727 N. Nevada.

**SEVEN rooms**, modern, sleeping porch. Apply 243 N. Institute.

**5-ROOM modern house**; hot water heat. 417 E. Caramello. Ph. M. 2408.

**2030 N. CASCADE**—Modern 10-room residence, cheap to desirable party.

**1605 S. TEJON ST.**—Strictly modern 5-room cottage, good neighborhood.

**FOR RENT**—5-room cottage, 222 S. Wahsatch Ave. Partly modern.

**5-ROOM**, modern except heat, 414 S. Tejon. Inquire 2118 N. Tejon.

**5-ROOM modern cottage**, close in. Inquire 428 E. Pikes Peak.

**4 ROOMS**, modern except heat, close in. 327 E. Platte. Red 458.

**4-ROOM house**, 106 E. Costilla. Inquire at Chick's grocery. Main 854.

**5-ROOM flat**, 28 E. Dale St. Phone Main 2271.

**LATONIA apartment** of 6 rooms. See Janitor or phone Main 745.

**4-ROOM apartment**, modern in every way. Phone Main 1785.

**2-ROOM cottage**, nicely furnished. 203 S. Wahsatch.

**5-ROOM modern**, close in. Inquire at 508 N. Weber.

## GRADUATE OSTEOPATH

**DR. G. W. PAULY** and Lona E. Pauly, graduates, SUI's college, Kirksville, Mo. G. W. Pauly, offices at 201-202, 203-204 DeGraff Bldg., 113 N. Tejon St. Phone Main 1701, and Lona E. Pauly, offices at 1632 N. Nevada Ave., phone Main 356. As treatments progress, lessons, it is best that each have separate patients and practices. Come in and we will show you to your satisfaction what has caused your trouble.

**DR. CONWAY**, SUI's graduate, post-graduate work under specialists. Phone or call 5 E. Paso Bank Bldg.

## PHYSICAL CULTURE

**BOXING**, wrestling, health books, magazines, special membership, 10. Macfadden's representative, Moyer's Athletic Academy, 24 S. Nevada.

## POULTRY SUPPLIES

**FOR SALE**—H. chickens, fryers and hens, \$6. 832 E. Kiowa.

**FOR SALE**—Thoroughbred R. Island Red roosters. Call at 632 N. Corona.

## PERSONAL

**MOTHER'S** Magazine, Dellatoro. Everybody's Modern Priscilla; combinations; pay monthly. Phone Hale, Main 2488.

## PAINTING & PAPERING

ing but the best lead and boiled linseed oil, best references furnished; painting, papering, calculating. G. H. Buhler, 311 S. Wahsatch. Phone M. 2904.

**WALL paper**, paper hanging, painting, at poor man's prices; sample brought to your door. Michael, Phone M. 2763.

## FOR RENT ROOMS

**Furnished**  
**SINGLE rooms**, with sleeping porch or housekeeping; \$2.00 to \$7.50 week; also tent cottage. 611 N. Cascade.

**MRS. E. LLOYD**, 314 E. Pikes Peak Ave. Well furnished rooms, \$1.50 to \$2 per week. Hot water and bath. Flat room elegantly furnished. 2 beds. \$5.

**DESIRABLE** furnished housekeeping rooms; one or more; also part or all of 8-room cottage. Apply 324 E. Huertano.

**TWO or four-room flat**; modern, heat and light furnished; north. Phone 2498.

**MRS. CLIFTON** has one flat with No. 1 sleeping porch, S. and E. exposure, 317 E. San Rafael. Phone Black 143.

**LARGE sunny room**, with sleeping porch or without modern. 32 N. Weber.

**ROOM on first floor**; use of kitchen. 430 N. Weber. Phone 2538.

**CLOSE-IN** steam-heated room, very reasonable. 318 N. Tejon.

**THREE light housekeeping rooms** in bungalow. 428 N. Weber.

**GOOD rooms**, \$5 per month; housekeeping or sleeping. 651 N. Wahsatch Ave.

**ROOMS**—Hot water heat, private entrance, cement walks and curb. This bungalow is modern in every particular and best material and workmanship used in its construction. Make appointment with owner to see this property. Call Black 324.

**FOR SALE**  
3 rooms and bath, lot 4x150 feet. \$1,400. \$100 cash, balance to suit purchaser. **W. W. WILLIAMSON**

**FOR RENT, SALE OR TRADE**  
One-story garden tract, all in alfalfa under city light, new 4-room cottage. **F. HENRY MILLER**

1012 Colo. Ave. Phone 3553.

**MUST** be sold at once to close a partnership. 320 acres improved irrigated land, 6 miles from Monte Vista in San Luis valley; also 160 acres raw land 9 miles west of La Jara. Address P. O. box 523, Colorado Springs.

**5-ROOM**, strictly modern; practically new house on car line, well located, not far out, north, cost me \$4000; will discount \$1000. Owner, 211 S. Wahsatch.

**STRICTLY** modern 5-room house, fireplace, laundry, finished attic, barn, lot 80x190; near car line, north, cheap for quick sale; cash or terms. Phone Black 104.

**5-ROOM bungalow**, modern, for sale or rent. 418 North Spruce. For information apply 312 N. Spruce. M. T. Murtugha.

**FOR SALE**—\$1000 equity in the four-room new bungalow at 1818 N. Colorado street, for \$500 cash balance like rent. Call any time.

## FOR SALE Miscellaneous

**MOTORCYCLE FOR SALE**  
Partly has left A-H. P. good as new motorcycle with us for sale. This is worth \$150, you can buy it this week for \$100 cash, with a tank and lamp included.

**STRATTON MOTOR CO.**  
110 E. Huertano.

**\$550 HIGH-GRADE** concert grand upright piano; handsome mahogany case; brass trimmings; used short time; for quick sale, \$225 cash; grand bargain. Apply Postoffice Box 56.

**SPECIAL BICYCLE TIRES**  
We have had made for us a bicycle tire which we will positively guarantee for 1 year. Price is \$3.50. You had better try one and avoid further tire trouble, as they are the best tire ever sold for this price.

**STRATTON MOTOR CO.**

**LOST**—Gold pin, "Red Cross society," engraved on back, "Isabella McDonald," between Columbia St. and Manitou, lost Saturday. Return this office. Reward.

**ONE good electric piano**, in good condition; suitable for pool hall, dancing or private house; will sell cheap. Apply 32 N. Tejon St.

**LOST**—A stickpin, two bowling pins crossed, and bowling ball, with chip diamond in center; engraved on back. Return to Gazette office for reward.

**Sewing machines** rented, \$1.50 per month; all makes; machines sold, \$5 and up; guaranteed; machines cleaned and adjusted. 11, 305 S. Tejon. Ph. 2081.

**MARIPOSA millinery** will continue the sale of trimmed hats, Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday. 805 Colo. Ave., Colorado City.

**FOR SALE**—One almost new National cash register; cost \$105.00; liberal discount. C-82, Gazette.

**PHONE MAIN 337** for printing, every description. Star Printing Co., 323 S. Tejon.

**PEDIGREE bull** terriers for sale; dogs boarded. 122 E. Mill St. Phone Main 3268.

**NEARLY** new \$350 upright piano; for sale at \$150. Cash. Cheap at double the price. P. O. Box 58, city.

**UPRIGHT piano**, standard make, in good condition, \$85. Hiltbrand's, 1235 N. Tejon.

**MOTORCYCLE**, 1912 Indian twin, 7-h. p., first-class condition, full equipment; bargain. Phone 470 or 507.

**FOR SALE**—Two fine cows, 1430 N. Walnut.

## FOR SALE Real Estate

**A DOCTOR**  
**A MINISTER**

will sell this furnished North Nevada bungalow, ideal for this home and about 2 1/2 miles from the city, three-story house, 12 rooms, heated with the best of hot water plants, on a lot 100x150; fine large lawn, suitable for automobile and carriages, with three box stables for horses, and a garage. The house is with separate porches, magnificent trees, both fruit and shade, lawn in good shape, walks and curbs, and the house is admirably arranged for a professional man, and the windows fronting on the excellent condition, the price on this is low enough to make it very attractive, and the terms can be arranged to suit. It will pay you to investigate.

**WILLIS SPACEMAN & KENT**  
**ESTABLISHED AT THE TOWN**  
**GAZETTE** PHONE 350-351

**A BUNGALOW BARGAIN.**  
Sleeping porch, gas and coal ranges, furnace heat, electric lights, fireplace, lawn, shade and fruit trees, lot 46x119 fenced, cement walks and curb. This bungalow is modern in every particular and best material and workmanship used in its construction. Make appointment with owner to see this property. Call Black 324.

**FOR SALE**  
3 rooms and bath, lot 4x150 feet. \$1,400. \$100 cash, balance to suit purchaser. **W. W. WILLIAMSON**

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**FOR SALE**—\$1000 equity in the four-room new bungalow at 1818 N. Colorado street, for \$500 cash balance like rent. Call any time.

## BUSINESS CHANCES

**I HAVE** for sale one of the best equipped dairies, near town, worth the money. This will be sold quick. Call and see me at once. E. H. Withersell, 210 Mining Exchange Bldg.

**FOR SALE \$1,350**  
40 acres land, general merchandise business, established 6 years; business located 20 miles E. of Colo. Springs. Also price includes land, store building, fixtures and stock, amounting to \$500 or \$600. Address C-87, Gazette.

**FOR SALE**—First-class drug store at a very low price. All stock at invoice and throw in all the fixtures. This is a real bargain. Address Drugist, Box 579, City.

**FIRST-CLASS** grocery and market, located in north end; good deal, if taken at once; best of reasons for selling. Address B-14, Gazette.

**THE SAVOY**, 14 W. Bijou, furniture for sale, house for rent, or will rent furnished to responsible parties.

**A SMALL** tract groceries at invoice, also



**SPECIAL SALE MONDAY**  
25% Off  
on ladies' coats, suits and furs.  
**POLANT'S**  
119 S. Tejon. Ph. Black 355

### THE WEATHER

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Forecast Colorado: Fair Monday and Tuesday.

The following meteorological record is furnished by the Colorado college weather bureau for the 24 hours ending at 6 p. m.

Temperature at 8 a. m.	24
Temperature at 12 m.	27
Temperature at 6 p. m.	29
Maximum temperature	37
Minimum temperature	21
Mean temperature	24.19
Max bar pressure inches	30.06
Min bar pressure inches	29.98
Mean velocity of wind per hour	5
Max velocity of wind per hour	10
Relative humidity at noon	54
Dew point at noon	34
Evaporation in inches	0

### CITY BRIEFS

**DANCING SCHOOL** Call Main 231.

**FIELD EXCURSION**—A field excursion in Broadmoor has been arranged by the Myron Stinson home. The excursion will leave Monday at 8 a. m. and return Tuesday at 10 a. m. The cost is \$1.00.

**WHAT IS THE USE** of paying the same or more for stolen supplies or repairs when you can get better service at Blake's garage. Adv.

**VEGARA STUDIOS**—Signs for a new Vegara studio are being placed at North Cascade avenue where he will test voices free of charge. But his appointment only every Monday and Tuesday.

**FEAST** donations for Thanksgiving dinner at the Mission store 27 West Stuart street in care of Miss Peterson.

**SOFT L**—The regular election of officers of Pikes Peak camp No. 1 of the Woodmen of the World will be held Tuesday night November 26 at 8 p. m. at the Pikes Peak club. A. Blaker clerk.

**WE rent** Tux New Life Vibrators—\$5 and \$7.50 per month. Rental to apply on purchase price. D. T. Putter Drug Co. Adv.

**The Pikes Peak Floral Co.** Retail Florists 104 N. Tejon St. Main 599 Adv.

### Societies and Clubs

The next regular meeting of the Modern Brotherhood of America will be held in M. W. A. hall this evening. During the summer months there have been but two meetings each month but the meetings have been changed to every Monday night after tonight's meeting there will be a social dance which will be free to the members and their invited guests and the membership is requested to attend and bring their friends with them and to become familiar with the program for the next few months.

### Personal Mention

Mrs. David Anderson and son 1015 North Corona street left Saturday night for San Diego, Cal.

Arthur Hartman, a well known violinist of New York city and William H. Adick who is managing his tour etc. at the Antlers hotel while on a visit. They will attend the Pikes Peak concert tonight. Hartman being a friend of the famous local violinist.

The Rev. W. E. Bennett, pastor of St. Paul's M. E. church and L. E. Holbrook, superintendent of Colorado Springs district of the Methodist church will return tomorrow from Cripple Creek and Victor where they have been delivering addresses in favor of the church extension movement.

In 1862 the annual consumption of meat in France was 51.1 pounds a head of the population. In 1902 it was 51.18 pounds in 1897 it was 51.17 and in 1909 the number of pounds a head was 51.68.

## "HOME WEEK" SERMONS BY LOCAL MINISTERS

By DR. JOHN V. EWART, D. D.

In one sense of the word, we should have a good deal of respect for the devil. He possesses the merit of being terribly persistent in ruin the souls of men. Then again he is tremendously powerful. He has an angelic, almost superhuman, sense of purpose. He is strong for ungodly ends.

All this we believe to be true and when we come into actual touch with the devil in the attempt to resist sin in the thousand forms in which it assails the soul we learn by experience that he is a force to be very seriously reckoned with.

The moment we lose sight of the fact that God is a person everywhere present, seeing and knowing all things and finally interested in all our affairs, the moment the nerves of our religion begin to flounder we lose interest in prayer and are slow to obey conscience. But if I recognize God as a person, keep sharply before my mind the fact that Thou God seest me, knowest my downy thoughts and mine upbraidings, understand my thought and feel that like as a father, rather than a tyrant, he will rise up to love, save and only him.

Again whenever we begin to think of Satan as merely an influence, a power that works upon righteousness we lack our effort to resist him. But when we think of him as a person, a being with personality, understanding and will, that he is powerful, cunning, malicious and that he is a person, we begin to understand more energetically to defend ourselves against his wiles and snares.

The Bible makes it plain that the devil is a person. He is likened by the prophet Isaiah to a strong man armed, dwelling in a high and fortified place, a palace against all attack. The palace is the human soul and the strong man is Satan. But Satan controls the palace and thus controls the soul. He is a person, a being with personality, understanding and will, that he is powerful, cunning, malicious and that he is a person, we begin to understand more energetically to defend ourselves against his wiles and snares.

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## Christmas Photos

Sit for them now at  
**EMERY'S**  
Cascade and Kiowa

**ANTLERS TURKISH BATHS**  
CARL WENBERG, Prop.  
14 E. Bijou. Phone Red 14.  
The Only Turkish Baths in the City—  
Three Expert Masseurs  
OPEN FOR LADIES—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.  
Lady Attendants  
Physical Culture Studio for Ladies  
PROF. TOM RYAN, Instructor

## ASK ANY TEN

person with fine clean teeth what dentifrice they use and nine out of ten will say—

**"CALAX, THE OXYGEN TOOTH POWDER."**

It helps the teeth and gums wonderfully. On sale today.

**F. L. Gutmann**  
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For ungodly men and can enter and despoil the palace of his manhood after having bound his soul in fetters stronger than iron.

Moreover Satan does his destructive work in the souls of men not by open attack by the fair and honorable means of open battle as two armies face one another upon an open field, but rather lies in ambush and springs upon his foe when the latter is off his guard. Not by sound argument and plain truth does he turn men and women from the paths of virtue, but by deceit, misrepresentation and trickery and he can use these arts with superhuman power.

But superhumanly strong and cunningly malignant as is Satan Jesus Christ is over him in our behalf. There is no act in the drama of human history more sublime than that in which God appeared in the flesh and passed through all human experience except sin, conquered the adversary of souls in every conflict and returned a victor, tried and true to the right hand of the majesty on high where ever lives to make intercession for us.

This is the great encouragement of every tried and tempted soul.

For we have not a high priest who cannot be touched by the feeling of our infirmities but was in all points tempted like as we are, yet without sin. Let us therefore come boldly unto the throne of grace that we may obtain mercy and find grace to help in time of need. (Heb. 4:15-16)

## JESUS IS GOD'S GIFT TO ALL HUMANITY

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 24.—Pastor Russell of Brooklyn is here. We report one of his addresses from the text: "Thanks be unto God for his unspeakable gift."—II Corinthians ix:15.

The Pastor said that in order to appreciate the Scripture on all subjects we must handle the word of God honestly. We must recognize that our Lord Jesus is one person and the Father another person. The oneness between the Father and the Son is not that declared by the creeds—a oneness of person, but a oneness of will. Our Master himself, for he declared the Father are one in the same sense that he desires all of his disciples to be one in mind in purpose in will.—John xvii:21.

Our Lord Jesus is God's unspeakable gift. Through him we receive numberless blessings and mercies. The Scriptures tell us that he was with the Father before the world was that he was the Logos, the Father's word or messenger—Jehovah's active agent in the creation of angels and man. The Logos, the Alpha and Omega of Jehovah's creation, became the gift of God to men.

The Scriptures declare that the Redeemer took the nature of men in order to redeem sinners, but that in him there was no sin. Only a sinless one could give to God a ransom for Adam, the perfect and thus redeem from destruction not only Adam, but all his posterity involved in sin and death through him.

God set before our Lord a great joy, the influence of which led Jesus to endure cheerfully the bitter experiences of his earthly life. This joy is intimated to have been: (1) His pleasure in doing the Father's will, (2) His privilege of "bringing many sons to glory"—the church, (3) The pleasure and joy of being by and by the world's redeemer, delivering them from the power of Satan, sin and death. Our Redeemer realized that his loyalty to the Father would require faithfulness even unto the death of the cross "Wherefore," St. Paul says, "God hath highly exalted him" far above "angels, principalities and powers, and every name that is named."

An Opposite Course From Satan's.

Pastor Russell then contrasted the course pursued by Satan with that followed by our Lord. Meditating ambitious designs, Satan found an opportunity in our first parents, a new order of beings, with prerogative powers designed to bring into existence a race that would fill the earth. He assumed to be ruler over this human creation and by so doing, he not only became a rebel against God, but brought sin and death into the world.

Our Lord Jesus pursued an opposite course, and demonstrated his loyalty and obedience. St. Paul intimates that although the Logos was much higher than was Lucifer, yet he was humble, and "meditated not a usurpation, as the Greek text declares the Philippians ii:6. He thought not by robbery to be equal with God. On the contrary, our Lord willingly accepted the divine proposal that he should be humbled to the human plane for a time in order to carry out the Father's plan.

What an exhibition of loyalty this course was to all the holy angels! After our Lord had suffered death on man's behalf, he was raised from the dead and higher exalted than ever, as one pleasing in the sight of Jehovah. Our Lord suffered no loss by his obedience to the Father, indeed, he has been given a position far higher—"at the right hand of the majesty on high." Thus to both angels and men the lesson is given "Wherefore he saith unto you, do it. This lesson and privilege have already come to the church. From the front and near God's saintly people have accepted the invitation to walk in the steps of

Christ. As he walked the "narrow way," so they have courage to follow him; as he overcame so they have the encouragement of his promise that his "grace is sufficient for them."

To this class Jesus is God's unspeakable gift. It is indeed a gift to the whole world unspeakable in value, but he is more to the church than to the world. For his footsteps followed, he is the captain of their salvation, their redeemer, their "elder brother" their great high priest. Through him they are privileged to be the royal priesthood. Their offerings to Jehovah their little all would be unacceptable, because by nature they are sinners, like the rest of mankind, but through the merit of the sacrifice of Christ they are privileged to become his "holy living sacrifices," "holy, acceptable unto God."

The Pastor then said that justice must be recognized in the creator's dealings with his creatures. The Scriptures assure us that justice is the foundation of God's throne. In the past, endeavors to harmonize love and justice with our great creator's dealings with humanity have involved us in difficulty. We were assured by the prominent creeds of the world that criticizing the creator was to criticize the foundation of God's throne. In the past, endeavors to harmonize love and justice with our great creator's dealings with humanity have involved us in difficulty. We were assured by the prominent creeds of the world that criticizing the creator was to criticize the foundation of God's throne. In the past, endeavors to harmonize love and justice with our great creator's dealings with humanity have involved us in difficulty. We were assured by the prominent creeds of the world that criticizing the creator was to criticize the foundation of God's throne.

The Scripture declare that the world knows not God and that only the consecrated church see the "length, breadth, height and depth of the love of God, which passeth understanding. This class alone is in any sense prepared to give thanks to God now for his unspeakable gift.

By and by. All the blind eyes will be opened and all the deaf ears will be unstopped. Then the whole world of mankind including those awakened from the sleep of death during Messiah's reign will recognize God's unspeakable gift and render thanks. When faithful expositors shall have been destroyed, then every return in heaven, on earth and in hell, we shall be heard saying: Praise glory honor dominion and might be unto him that sitteth on the throne and to the lamb forever, through the unspeakable gift.

## WOLFE LONDONER, FORMER DENVER MAYOR, IS DEAD

DENVER, Nov. 24.—Funeral arrangements for the late Wolfe Londoner, pioneer merchant and former mayor of Denver, who died suddenly from a stroke of apoplexy at his home here last night, will not be definitely decided until the arrival of relatives from the east.

Members of the family in Denver have been notified that these relatives have started for Denver two sons, J. B. Londoner and Herman W. Londoner of Boston, a daughter, Mrs. John Corning of Boston, two sisters, Mrs. Edward Friend of New York, and Miss Emma Lowitz of Chicago and Julius Londoner a brother in Chicago.

It was announced tonight that Mr. Londoner's body will lie in state either at the Colorado state capital or at the city hall.

Governor Shafer who was city attorney when Wolfe Londoner was mayor of Denver is arranging the part to be taken in the funeral services by state officials and Mayor Arnold has in charge the arrangements for the city officials.

## MONTANA MEASURES ARE CARRIED BY TWO TO ONE

HELENA, Mont., Nov. 24.—Returns assembled on the initiative and referendum measures submitted to Montana voters at the recent election have determined that the measures providing for party nominations for state offices by direct vote limiting the campaign expenditures of candidates to 15 per cent of the salary for one year of the office for which each is a candidate, providing for the direct election of United States senators and for a popular expression of preference for party candidates for president, carried by a margin of two to one.



**JOSEPHINE FERRADA**  
The noblest woman in Cuba arrived in New York the other day on her way to Spain, where she will visit her mother. She carried with her a chest containing \$15,000 in gold coins and some \$30,000 worth of jewels. She says that paper money is unclean and refuses to carry it. Signora Ferrada was once known as the most beautiful woman in Spain. She married and went to Cuba to live, and ever since the first year of her marriage she has traveled to Spain once a year to see her mother, who is timid about traveling and refuses to go on board of a boat that would carry her to Cuba.

## ALBUQUERQUE TO GET BIG SANTA FE SHOPS

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Nov. 24.—President E. P. Ripley of the Atchafalaya, Topoka and Santa Fe railway while in the city today on his way to his winter home at Pasadena, Cal., authorized the Morning Journal in an exclusive interview to announce that the Santa Fe system would make Albuquerque second only to Topeka as a shop and division point.

President Ripley's statement confirms rumors that have been in circulation for some time, that the Santa Fe directors had decided to spend a million and a half dollars here on shop and terminal improvements to handle the increased business which the opening of the Panama canal is expected to give the railroad system.

The improvements are to include a shop a mammoth roundhouse, boiler, machine and blacksmith shops and extensive improvements to terminals. The new buildings will extend over an acreage of eight city blocks. The land has already been secured at an outlay of \$100,000, of which \$50,000 was subscribed by citizens. Work is to begin early in the spring and rushed to completion. Appropriation for the improvements already have been made by the directors of the road.

When completed, Albuquerque's shop will aggregate 1,800 men with an annual payroll of approximately \$2,000,000.

The Santa Fe by 1915 will have completed and in operation a double track system between this city and Los Angeles. A large part of this double trackage is now in use while construction of what remains now is under way.

## RAILROAD AGENT ROBS SO HE CAN MARRY GIRL

KIOTA, Colo., Nov. 24.—Cupid's dart today crossed the straight and narrow path heretofore trod by Jesse Leasure, the 19 year old agent for the Union Pacific railroad at this town according to Leasure's confession to the police that he took \$95 belonging to the railroad company. He is in jail charged with grand larceny.

Leasure according to the police had taken the money that he might be so situated that he could conveniently marry at once the girl of his choice. He told the officers he was robbed while walking along a lonely highway but upon close questioning admitted he invented the robbery story.

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2 Large Cans Tomatoes... 25c

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